

# **ERTMS/ATO**

# ATO-OB / ATO-TS FFFIS

# **Application Layer**

REF : SUBSET-126

ISSUE : 1.0.0

DATE : 05-07-2023



# 1. MODIFICATION HISTORY

Issue Number Date	Section Number	Modification / Description	Author
0.0.1 07-01-2014	All	First issue of the document	UNISIG ATO WP
0.0.2 08-04-2014	All	Document updated after UNISIG ATO WG comments and review meetings (11-12/02/2014 and 11-12/03/2014).	UNISIG ATO WP
0.0.3 30-04-2014	All	Document updated after UNISIG ATO WG comments.	UNISIG ATO WP
0.0.4 06-05-2014	All	Document updated after UNISIG ATO WG comments to version 0.0.3 and call conference of 05/05/2014.	UNISIG ATO WP
0.0.5 05-09-2014	All	Document updated after EUG review and SUBSET-125-006 and 007 discussions and update.	UNISIG ATO WP
0.0.6 29-09-2014	All	Document updated after UNISIG ATO WG review. All the requirements and explanation have been deleted from the document.	UNISIG ATO WP
0.0.7 13-05-2015	All	The document content has been updated according to the EUG and ERA comments to version 0.0.5 and the SUBSET-125 update to version 0.0.10.	UNISIG ATO WP
0.0.8 07-01-2016	Table 7, Table 8, Table 9	Minor changes according to UNISIG ATO WG Workshops of May, June and July 2015.	UNISIG ATO WP
0.0.9 11-04-2016	All	Document updated after UNISIG ATO WG review.	UNISIG ATO WP
0.0.10 19-07-2016	5.1, 6.3.3, 6.3.4, 6.3.5	Document updated after UNISIG ATO WG review.	UNISIG ATO WP
0.0.11 25-08-2016	5.1, 5.2, 6.3.3.2, 6.3.4.2, 6.3.5.2	Document updated after UNISIG ATO WG review.	UNISIG ATO WP
0.0.12 27-04-2017	All	Modification according to UNISIG SG, EUG and ATO WG review.	UNISIG ATO WP
0.0.13 19-05-2017	All	Modification according to ATO WG review.	UNISIG ATO WP
0.0.14 draft A	All	Modification to align with SUBSET- 125-0017 draftC.	UNISIG ATO WP



15-12-2017			
0.0.14 22-12-2017	7.2.1.2, 7.3.6	Modification to align with SUBSET- 125-0017.	UNISIG ATO WP
0.0.15 16-03-2018	7.2.1.2, 7.3.8.2	Modification following ATO-WP review on version 0.0.14 and alignment with SUBSET-125-0018. Change of N_ITER Description and Resolution / Formula. Minor spelling corrections.	UNISIG ATO WP
0.0.16 07-05-2018	All	Modification to align with SUBSET- 125-010 and SUBSET-130-010. Offsets replaced by Item Number.	UNISIG ATO WP
0.0.17 05.08.2020	All	Review comments and following S2R comments against Subset-126 solved: 1, 2, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 12, 13, 14, 16, 19, 22, 23, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 45, 50, 54, 55, 57, 58, 59, 64, 66, 67, 68, 71, 72, 74, 76, 77, 79, 80, 82, 83, 84, 85, 86, 87, 88, 89, 91, 92, 93, 94, 98, 100, 101, 103, 104, 105, 106, 107, 108, 109, 110, 111	UNISIG ATO WP
0.0.18 22.10.2020	All	Following S2R comments solved: 114, 115, 137 Following EECT comments solved: 1, 2, 3, 4, 9, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 20, 23, 24, 25, 26, 29, 32, 36, 37	UNISIG ATO WP
0.0.19 02.11.2020	All	Following EECT comments solved: 5, 6, 7	UNISIG ATO WP
0.0.20 17.01.2021	All	Following EECT comments solved: 10	UNISIG ATO WP
0.0.21 25.06.2021	6.1.1.1. 6.1.1.2. 6.2.1.8. 6.2.1.9. 5.2. 7.3.10.2.	Implementing Consolidation phase comments #1 to #4	UNISIG ATO WP
0.0.22 16.09.2021	6.2.1.10 6.3.1.5 7.3.6.2 item 31 7.3.9.2 item 13	Implementing comments from SUBSET-126-0.0.26.docx Date: 18/08/21	UNISIG ATO WP



	Table 3, item 2,		UNISIG ATO WP
0.0.23 08.11.2021	3 Table 7. item 63 Table 8, item 11, 27, 28 Table 11, items 8, 51, 56 Table 13, item 18	Implementing comments from SUBSET-126-0.0.26.docx Date: 21/09/21 (EECT051021)	
0.0.24 22.11.2021	Tables 8, 11, 12	Implementing agreed comments in document "ATO Document consolidated review sheet – Batch 6 -21 11 15"	UNISIG ATO WP
0.0.25 26.01.2022	several	ATO over ETCS modified to ERTMS/ATO N_ITER_ATO changed to N_ITER, N_ITER for Balise Groups modified to N_ITER_BG (3bit), explanation added for ETRS89	UNISIG ATO WP
0.0.26 07.02.2022	Modifications to N_ITER_ATO         aligned to agreed comment #5 from         "ATO Document consolidated review         sheet - Batch 6_EECT150222"         Description of N_ITER_BG for         balises aligned to comment #2 of         document "ATO Document         consolidated review sheet - Batch         5_EECT071221"         Description of         M_Dynamic_Brake_Force_Limit         according to comment #2 of         document "ATO Document         consolidated review sheet - Batch         5_EECT071221"		UNISIG ATO WP
0.1.0 24.03.2022	several Editorial corrections		UNISIG ATO WP
0.1.1 07.02.2023	7.3.13.2 (SESSTerm packet, item 2)	"CAB closed" is replaced by "CAB inactive" according the comment #1 related to the SUBSET-126 from EECT#91	UNISIG ATO WP



		Adding the following attributes to a	
	7.3.2.2	Adding the following attributes to a handshake request: Q_ATO_Handing over	UNISIG ATO WP
0.1.2 07.04.2023	7.3.9.2, line #56	N_ITER_BG changed from 3 bits to 4 bits.	
	7.3.3.2. Line #5 Footer	The definition has been updated according to the comment #5 related to the SUBSET-125 in the EECT 3 <sup>rd</sup> consolidation review sheet. Version number updated	
1.0.0			UNISIG ATO WP
05.07.2023	None	Baseline 1 1 <sup>st</sup> release	



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## 5. INTRODUCTION

## 5.1. Scope and purpose of the document

- 5.1.1.1. The purpose of this System Interface Description document is to present the interoperable interface between the two subsystems of the Automatic Train Operation (ATO) system, namely the ATO trackside (ATO-TS) and the ATO on-board (ATO-OB). The scope of the document is to define the interoperable packets exchanged between the on-board subsystem (ATO-OB) and the trackside subsystem (ATO-TS) according to the ERTMS/ATO System Requirements Specification [Ref 1].
- 5.1.1.2. This document does not contain the communication requirements associated to the ATO-OB / ATO-TS Interface. These requirements are included in [Ref 1]§10.1.
- 5.1.1.3. Specific ATO Packets are defined in this document with a unique packet identification number.

#### 5.2. Reference and applicable documents

Ref. N°	Title	Reference
[Ref 1]	ERTMS/ATO System Requirements Specification	SUBSET-125
[Ref 2]	ERTMS/ETCS System Requirements Specification	SUBSET-026
[Ref 3]	ERTMS/ATO Glossary	13E154
[Ref 4]	FFFIS STM Application Layer	SUBSET-058
[Ref 5]	Glossary of Terms and Abbreviations	SUBSET-023
[Ref 6]	FIS Juridical Recording	SUBSET-027
[Ref 7] Responsibilities and Rules for the Assignment of Values to ETCS Variables		SUBSET-054

5.2.1.1. This section presents the reference and applicable documents.

Table 1 Reference and applicable documents



## 5.3. Abbreviations

- 5.3.1.1. For ATO related abbreviations see ERTMS/ATO Glossary [Ref 3].
- 5.3.1.2. For ETCS related abbreviations see SUBSET-023 [Ref 5].

#### 5.4. Definitions

- 5.4.1.1. For ATO related definitions see ERTMS/ATO Glossary [Ref 3].
- 5.4.1.2. For ETCS related definitions see SUBSET-023 [Ref 5].



## 6. **PRINCIPLES**

## 6.1. Introduction

6.1.1.1. The composition of each packet element is presented using a table detailing each variable in order.

## 6.2. Definition of the Variables

- 6.2.1.1. Variables are used to encode single data values. Variables cannot be split in minor units.
- 6.2.1.2. Variables may have special values which are related to the basic meaning of the variable.
- 6.2.1.3. Special values which are not spare, have always the highest values in a variable (e.g. 32767 = "unknown").
- 6.2.1.4. Spare values are located between the normal and special values in the variable range except where justified.
- 6.2.1.5. Names of variables are unique with respect to their meaning. A variable is used in context with the meaning as described in the variable definition. Variables with different meanings have different names.
- 6.2.1.6. One bit variables (Boolean) always use 0 for false and 1 for true.
- 6.2.1.7. Offsets for numerical values are avoided (0 is used for 0, 1 for 1, etc.) except where justified.
- 6.2.1.8. The encoding order shall respect the order of variables listed in the packet format (from top to bottom).
- 6.2.1.9. Encoding of variables shall start with the most significant bit. See example in Appendix A.1.
- 6.2.1.10. Note: A number of variables contain values which have to be assigned. Some of these values have to be unique to ensure that the system functions properly. A centralised handling of this assignment is therefore required (nationally or internationally, depending on the variable). The variables concerned have been marked. The values included in this document for these variables are therefore not to be used without prior verification of their validity. See SUBSET-054 [Ref 7] for further details.



## 6.3. Definition of the Packets

- 6.3.1.1. Packets are multiple variables grouped into a single unit, with a defined internal structure.
- 6.3.1.2. Optional variables inside a packet are marked with constraints. Only if the constraint is evaluated to true the variable and possible nested variables will follow in the packet. Otherwise the packet will continue with the next variable without constraint or with a constraint evaluated to true.
- 6.3.1.3. An ATO Packet consists of:
  - A specific ATO Header. This header is generated by the subsystem (ATO-OB or ATO-TS) that sends the packet;
  - The Applicable Content itself.
- 6.3.1.4. Any packet exchanged between ATO-OB and ATO-TS shall add the needed quantity of bits in order to be byte aligned.
- 6.3.1.4.1. Note: Thus, the maximum number of potentially added bits is 7 bits.
- 6.3.1.5. The structure of the HSReq, HSAck and HSRej (packets NID\_PACKET\_ATO 0, 1 and 2) shall be version independent as they are used for the ATO system version check.



# 7. DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE APPLICATION LEVEL

## 7.1. List of Packets

Packet Number (NID_PACKET_ATO)	Packet Name	Source	Sink	Page N°
0	Handshake Request	ATO-OB	ATO-TS	<u>15</u>
1	Handshake Acknowledgement	ATO-TS	ATO-OB	<u>16</u>
2	Handshake Reject	ATO-TS	ATO-OB	<u>16</u>
3	Journey Profile Request	ATO-OB	ATO-TS	<u>17</u>
4	Journey Profile	ATO-TS	ATO-OB	<u>17</u>
5	Journey Profile Acknowledgement	ATO-OB	ATO-TS	<u>22</u>
6	Segment Profile Request	ATO-OB	ATO-TS	<u>23</u>
7	Segment Profile	ATO-TS	ATO-OB	<u>23</u>
8	Status Report	ATO-OB	ATO-TS	<u>39</u>
9	Status Report Acknowledgement	ATO-TS	ATO-OB	<u>41</u>
10	Session Termination Request	ATO-TS	ATO-OB	<u>42</u>
11	Session Termination	ATO-OB	ATO-TS	<u>42</u>

Table 2 Packet summary

## 7.2. ATO Header

- 7.2.1.1. This section details the ATO specific header of a packet exchanged between the ATO-OB and the ATO-TS.
- 7.2.1.2. The information in the header allows each packet to be uniquely identified.
- 7.2.1.3. ATO Header composition:



	ATO Header					
Item	Variable Name	Description	Length	Resolution/Formula		
001	NID_PACKET_ATO	Packet number, used in the header for each packet, allowing the receiving equipment to identify the data which follows.	8 bits	Numbers <b>Special Values:</b> 12 - 255 = spare		
002	NID_OPERATIONAL	Train Running Number, see [Ref 2], Section 7.5.1.92.	32 bits	See [Ref 2], Section 7.5.1.92.		
003	NID_ENGINE	ETCS Identity, see [Ref 2], Section 7.5.1.88.	24 bits	See [Ref 2], Section 7.5.1.88.		
004	T_Timestamp_Date	Date of timestamp of the packet.	15 bits	Date of a timestamp in UTC. The variable represents the number of days from the 1st January 2010. Values from 0 (01/01/2010) to 32767 (18/09/2099)		
005	T_Timestamp_Seconds	Seconds of timestamp of the packet in UTC.	17 bits	Seconds of a timestamp in UTC. The variable represents the number of seconds from the beginning of the day. Values from 0 (00:00:00) to 86399 (23:59:59)		
006	N_Packet_Counter	Packet counter sent from the sending subsystem. This value is a circulating counter. In case of an overflow the value might jump from the maximum value to the minimum value. The value is maintained by the sender for each NID_PACKET_ATO separately during the entire session.	8 bits	Binary to numeric		

Table 3 ATO Header structure

## 7.3. ATO Packets Applicable Content

#### 7.3.1. Introduction

7.3.1.1. This section defines the actual ATO information contained in the packet.

#### 7.3.2. Handshake Request Packet (HSReq)

- 7.3.2.1. This section details the structure of a HSReq Packet sent by ATO-OB to ATO-TS.
- 7.3.2.2. Handshake Request composition:

Packet Number 0		0			
Item	Variable Name		Description	Length	Resolution/Formula
001	ATO Header		see chapter 7.2		-



Packet Number 0						
Item	Variable Name			Description	Length	Resolution/Formula
Handsh	ake L	Details				
002	N_ITER M_ATO_Version (k) Q_ATO_Handing_Over			Number of iterations of ATO-OB supported versions.	5 bits	See [Ref 2], Section 7.5.1.80
003			(k)	ATO system version supported.	16 bits	1st byte for the major Version 2nd byte for the minor Version <b>Applicable values:</b> 0x0100 = ATO version 1.0
004			ər	This attribute allows the ATO-TS to know if the handshake request is due to a handing over ATO-TS.	1 bit	0 = No handing over 1 = Handing over

**Table 4** Handshake Request Packet structure

#### 7.3.3. Handshake Acknowledgement Packet (HSAck)

- 7.3.3.1. This section details the structure of the HSAck Packet sent by ATO-TS to ATO-OB.
- 7.3.3.2. Handshake Acknowledgement composition:

Packet Number 1					
Item	Variable Name	•	Description	Length	Resolution/Formula
001	ATO Header		see chapter 7.2		-
Hands	hake Acknowledgem	ent Detai	ls		
002	NID_C		Identity of the ATO-TS's country or region.	10 bits	See [Ref 2], Section 7.5.1.86.
003	NID_ATOTS		Identifier of the ATO-TS.	14 bits	Binary to numeric
004	M_ATO_Version		ATO system version to be used.	16 bits	1st byte for the major Version 2nd byte for the minor Version <b>Applicable values:</b> 0x0100 = ATO version 1.0
005	T_Timeout_ATOTS_Response		Maximum time after which the ATO-OB must consider that a request has not been answered.	8 bits	Binary to numeric (in seconds)
006	T_Reporting_Time		Reporting time cycle for triggering a Status Report for data reporting purposes.	8 bits	Binary to numeric (in seconds)

 Table 5 Handshake Acknowledgement Packet structure

#### 7.3.4. Handshake Reject Packet (HSRej)

- 7.3.4.1. This section details the structure of the HSRej Packet sent by ATO-TS to ATO-OB.
- 7.3.4.2. Handshake Reject composition:



P	acket Number	2			
Item	Variable Name	Variable Name Description		Length	Resolution/Formula
001	ATO Header		see chapter 7.2		-
Handsh	ake Reject Details			1	I
002	Q_Reject_Reason		Qualifier indicating the reason for the rejection.	2 bits	0 = ATO system version incompatible
					1 = Another ATO-TS in charge
					2 = ATO-TS in charge unknown
					3 = Spare
ATO-TS	Contact Information	n - If [ G	Reject_Reason — Another ATO-TS in	charge ]	
003	NID_C		If [ Q_Reject_Reason == Another ATO-TS in charge ]	10 bits	See [Ref 2], Section 7.5.1.86.
			Identity of the ATO-TS's country or region.		
004	NID_ATOTS		If [ Q_Reject_Reason == Another ATO-TS in charge ]	14 bits	Binary to numeric
			Identifier of the ATO-TS.		

 Table 6 Handshake Reject Packet structure

#### 7.3.5. Journey Profile Request Packet (JPReq)

- 7.3.5.1. This section details the structure of a JPReq Packet sent by the ATO-OB to the ATO-TS.
- 7.3.5.2. Journey Profile Request Packet composition:

Packet Number 3					
Item	Variable Name		Description	Length	Resolution/Formula
001	ATO Header		see chapter 7.2		-
Journey Profile Request Details					
002	NID_C		Identity of the reference SP's country or region. Not relevant if NID_SP is undefined.	10 bits	See [Ref 2], Section 7.5.1.86.
003	NID_SP		Identity of the Segment Profile from which a Journey Profile is requested.	32 bits	Binary to numeric 4294967295 for undefined value.

Table 7 Journey Profile Request Packet structure

#### 7.3.6. Journey Profile Packet (JP)

- 7.3.6.1. The section details the structure of a JP Packet sent by the ATO-TS to the ATO-OB.
- 7.3.6.2. Journey Profile Packet composition:



Р	acket Number	4			
Item	Variable Nam	e	Description	Length	Resolution/Formula
001	ATO Header		see chapter 7.2		-
Journey	Profile Details				
002	Q_JP_Status		Status of the Journey Profile: 'Valid': JP containing the data requested. 'Unavailable': JP specifies that the requested part of the Journey Profile is currently not available yet (but all the previously sent JPs are still applicable). 'Invalid': JP specifies that the SP identifier asserted in the JPReq does not belong to the preceding JP already sent to the ATO- OB. 'Update': JP specifies that the Journey Profile has been updated by the TMS within the current visibility of the ATO-OB. 'Overwrite': JP specifies that the previously	3 bits	0 = Invalid 1 = Valid 2 = Unavailable 3 = Update 4 = Overwrite [5-7] = Spare
Segmer	nt Profile Reference	- If [ Q	sent JPs shall be completely overwritten by this data. JP_Status <> Invalid and Q_JP_Status < If [ Q_JP_Status <> Invalid and	<> <i>Unavail</i> 8 bits	able ] Binary to numeric
			Q_JP_Status <> Unavailable ] Number of iterations of SPs. If N_ITER_SP is 0 then no data set is following.		
004	NID_C (k)		Identity of the SP's country or region.	10 bits	See [Ref 2], Section 7.5.1.86.
005	NID_SP (k)		SP identity.	32 bits	Binary to numeric
006	M_SP_Version	(k)	Identifier of the segment profile version. See section Segment Profile Packet (SP).	16 bits	1 byte for the major version and 1 byte for the minor one.
007	Q_SP_DIR (k)		Qualifier to indicate the valid travelling direction of the SP.	1 bits	0 = Reverse 1 = Nominal
Timing	Point Constraints				
008	N_ITER (k)		Number of iterations of TPs information. If N_ITER is 0 then no data set is following.	5 bits	See [Ref 2], Section 7.5.1.80
009	NID_TP (k,	l)	TP identity. The NID_TP is unique within the NID_C of the Segment Profile.	32 bits	Binary to numeric.
010	T_Latest_A Date (k,l)	.rrival_	Date of the requested arrival time at the TP.	15 bits	Date of a timestamp in UTC. The variable represents the number of days from the 1st January 2010. Values from 0 (01/01/2010) to
					32767 (18/09/2099)



	acket Nur	nber 4		r	I
ltem	V	ariable Name	Description	Length	Resolution/Formula
011		T_Latest_Arrival_ Seconds (k,l)	Seconds of the requested arrival time at the TP.	17 bits	Seconds of a timestamp in UTC. The variable represents the number of seconds from the beginning of the day. Values from 0 (00:00:00) to 86400 (24:00:00)
012		T_Arrival_Window (k,l)	Acceptable time allowance to be earlier at the TP.	10 bits	Binary to numeric (in seconds). The value is 0 for Stopping Points.
013		Q_TP_Alignment (k,l)	This qualifier defines if the TP location is applicable from the front, middle or rear of the train.	2 bits	0 = Front 1 = Middle 2 = Rear 3 = Spare
014		Q_Stop_Skip_Pas s (k,l)	Specifies if the Timing Point is a Passing Point, an operational Stopping Point or a skipped Stopping Point.	2 bits	0 = Stopping Point 1 = Stopping Point to be skipped (with symbol shown to driver) 2 = Passing Point
015		Q_TP_Information (k,l)	Specifies some information specific for the TP.	2 bits	3 = Spare 0 = No specific information 1 = End of Journey [2-3] = Spare
016		Q_Day_Light_Savi ng (k,l)	This variable defines if the day light saving hour is applicable to calculate the local time.	1 bits	0 = No saving hour 1 = Saving hour
Stopping	g Point I	nformation - If [ Q	_Stop_Skip_Pass — Stopping Point ]		l
017		Q_Opening_Door _Side (k,I)	If [Q_Stop_Skip_Pass == Stopping Point] Specifies if the ATO-OB has to manage the train doors opening and on which side the passenger exchange doors have to be opened. The side is relative to the direction of the Journey Profile.	2 bits	00 = none 01 = right 10 = left 11 = both
018		Q_Centralised_Op ening (k,I)	If [Q_Stop_Skip_Pass == Stopping Point] This variable defines if the doors are to be opened centralised or by the passengers.	1 bits	<ul> <li>0 = Opening by passengers</li> <li>1 = Centralised automatic opening of the relevant doors</li> </ul>
019		Q_Relaxed_Coupl er (k,l)	If [Q_Stop_Skip_Pass == Stopping Point ] This variable requests the train to stop with couplers relaxed.	1 bits	0 = no request for coupler relaxation 1 = request for coupler relaxation



Pa	acket Number	4			
Item	Variable Nam	e	Description	Length	Resolution/Formula
020	Q_Train_H	lold (k,l)	If [ Q_Stop_Skip_Pass == Stopping Point and Q_TP_Information <> End of Journey ] The variable defines if the train is requested to be held at the Stopping Point or not.	1 bits	0 = Do not hold Train 1 = Hold train
021	T_Departu (k,l)	re_Date	If [Q_Stop_Skip_Pass == Stopping Point and Q_TP_Information <> End of Journey and Q_Train_Hold <> Hold train ] Date of the expected departure time from the Stopping Point.	15 bits	Date of a timestamp in UTC. The variable represents the number of days from the 1st January 2010. Values from 0 (01/01/2010) to 32767 (18/09/2099)
022	T_Departu onds (k,l)	re_Sec	If [Q_Stop_Skip_Pass == Stopping Point and Q_TP_Information <> End of Journey and Q_Train_Hold <> Hold train ] Seconds of the expected departure time from the Stopping Point.	17 bits	Seconds of a timestamp in UTC. The variable represents the number of seconds from the beginning of the day. Values from 0 (00:00:00) to 86399 (23:59:59)
023	T_Minimur _Time (k,l)	_	If [Q_Stop_Skip_Pass == Stopping Point and Q_TP_Information <> End of Journey and Q_Train_Hold <> Hold train ] Minimum dwell time at given Stopping Point (in seconds).	10 bits	Binary to numeric (in seconds)
024	Q_Automa ing (k,l)	tic_Clos	If [Q_Stop_Skip_Pass == Stopping Point and Q_TP_Information <> End of Journey and Q_Train_Hold <> Hold train ] This variable defines if the ATO-OB has to manage the train doors Closing.	1 bits	0 = ATO-OB does not manage train doors closing 1 = ATO-OB manages train doors closing
Tempor	ary Constraints		·		
025	N_ITER (k)		Number of iterations of Temporary Constraints. If N_ITER is 0 then no data set is following.	5 bits	See [Ref 2], Section 7.5.1.80
026	Q_TC_Typ	e (k,l)	Type of the temporary constraint.	3 bits	0 = ASR 1 = Low Adhesion 2 = ATO Inhibition Zone 3 = DAS Inhibition Zone 4 = Current Limitation [5-7] = Spare
027	Q_Range	(k,l)	Specifies if the temporary constraint starts, ends, starts and ends or covers the whole concerning Segment Profile.	2 bits	0 = Starts 1 = Ends 2 = StartsEnds 3 = WholeSP



028 029 029 030 031 031 032 032 032 032 032 032 032 032 032 032	Q_FRONT (k,l) V_Speed_Level (k,l)	Description         If [ Q_Range == Starts or Q_Range == StartsEnds ]         Start location of the temporary constraint relatively to the beginning of the SP.         If [ Q_Range == Ends or Q_Range == StartsEnds ]         End location of the temporary constraint relatively to the beginning of the SP.         Q_TC_Type == ASR ]         See [Ref 2], Section 7.5.1.109         If [ Q_TC_Type == ASR ]         See [Ref 2], Section 7.5.1.109         If [ Q_TC_Type == ASR ]         Value of the speed level restriction. The variable used is comparable to V_STATIC, as defined in [Ref 2], Section 7.5.1.171, hence only the first 120 values provided by the 7 bits are used to determine that speed Level.	Length 24 bits 24 bits 1 bits 7 bits	Resolution/Formula         Binary to numeric (in centimetres)         Binary to numeric (in centimetres)         See [Ref 2], Section 7.5.1.109         [0120] x 5 km/h <=> [0600] km/h;         [121-127] = Spare
029 Additional Speed 030 031 Low Adhesion - If 032	ion (k,l) D_TC_End_Locati on (k,l) I Restriction - If [ C Q_FRONT (k,l) V_Speed_Level (k,l)	StartsEnds ]         Start location of the temporary constraint relatively to the beginning of the SP.         If [ Q_Range == Ends or Q_Range == StartsEnds ]         End location of the temporary constraint relatively to the beginning of the SP.         Q_TC_Type == ASR ]         See [Ref 2], Section 7.5.1.109         If [ Q_TC_Type == ASR ]         Value of the speed level restriction. The variable used is comparable to V_STATIC, as defined in [Ref 2], Section 7.5.1.171, hence only the first 120 values provided by the 7 bits are used to determine that speed	24 bits 1 bits	centimetres) Binary to numeric (in centimetres) See [Ref 2], Section 7.5.1.109 [0120] x 5 km/h <=> [0600] km/h;
Additional Speed 030 031 031 Low Adhesion - If 032	on (k,l) I Restriction - If [ C Q_FRONT (k,l) V_Speed_Level (k,l)	StartsEnds ]         End location of the temporary constraint relatively to the beginning of the SP.         Q_TC_Type == ASR ]         Ref 2], Section 7.5.1.109         If [Q_TC_Type == ASR ]         See [Ref 2], Section 7.5.1.109         If [Q_TC_Type == ASR ]         Value of the speed level restriction. The variable used is comparable to V_STATIC, as defined in [Ref 2], Section 7.5.1.171, hence only the first 120 values provided by the 7 bits are used to determine that speed	1 bits	centimetres) See [Ref 2], Section 7.5.1.109 [0120] x 5 km/h <=> [0600] km/h;
030 031 Low Adhesion - If	Q_FRONT (k,l) V_Speed_Level (k,l)	If [ Q_TC_Type == ASR ] See [Ref 2], Section 7.5.1.109 If [ Q_TC_Type == ASR ] Value of the speed level restriction. The variable used is comparable to V_STATIC, as defined in [Ref 2], Section 7.5.1.171, hence only the first 120 values provided by the 7 bits are used to determine that speed		[0120] x 5 km/h <=> [0600] km/h;
031 Low Adhesion - If 032	V_Speed_Level (k,l)	See [Ref 2], Section 7.5.1.109 If [ Q_TC_Type == ASR ] Value of the speed level restriction. The variable used is comparable to V_STATIC, as defined in [Ref 2], Section 7.5.1.171, hence only the first 120 values provided by the 7 bits are used to determine that speed		[0120] x 5 km/h <=> [0600] km/h;
Low Adhesion - If	(K,I)	Value of the speed level restriction. The variable used is comparable to V_STATIC, as defined in [Ref 2], Section 7.5.1.171, hence only the first 120 values provided by the 7 bits are used to determine that speed	7 bits	km/h;
032	LO TO TURA			
	$r_{l} Q_{l} C_{l} p e ==$	Low Adhesion ]		
	Q_Adhesion_Cate gory (k,l)	If [Q_TC_Type == Low Adhesion ] Adhesion category aligned with the definition in EN15595 of the wheel-rail interface for the lower boundaries. Dry Rail: Conditions where 100% of the brake force of the vehicle can be applied with no axle sliding of more than 2% (adhesion level typically above 0.15µ) Medium: Conditions where the wheel/rail adhesion is in the range 0.15 – 0.10 (Damp rails with some contamination) Normal Low: Conditions where the wheel/rail adhesion is in the range 0.10 – 0.08 (Typical autumn mornings due to dew/dampness often combined with light overnight rust) Low Adhesion: Conditions where the wheel/rail adhesion is in the range 0.08 – 0.05 Very Low Adhesion: Conditions where the wheel/rail adhesion is in the range 0.05-0.03 Extremely Low Adhesion: Conditions where the wheel/rail adhesion is below 0.03 P == Current Limitation ]	3 bits	0 = Dry Rail 1 = Dry Rail (Medium) 2 = Dry Rail (Low) 3 = Low Adhesion 4 = Very Low Adhesion 5 = Extremely Low Adhesion [6-7] = Spare



Pa	acket	Nun	nber	4			
Item Variable Name		•	Description	Length	Resolution/Formula		
033			M_CURREN	NT (k,l)	If [ Q_TC_Type == Current Limitation ] See [Ref 2], Section 7.5.1.62.1 Note: a powerless section is indicated as a current limit "0" (zero)	10 bits	See [Ref 2], Section 7.5.1.62.1

#### Table 8 Journey Profile Packet structure

7.3.6.3. If the status of the JP is invalid or unavailable, the Journey Profile Details shall finish after Q\_JP\_Status (Item 002).

#### 7.3.6.4. **Temporary Constraints**

- 7.3.6.4.1. The location dependent data type of the Temporary Constraints is ATO Area Type. The requirements as given in chapter 7.3.9.7 shall be applied.
- 7.3.6.4.2. For each type of constraint, the Temporary Constraints in a Journey Profile shall be listed in the order given by their starting location in the Segment Profile.

#### 7.3.7. Journey Profile Acknowledgement Packet (JPAck)

7.3.7.1. This section details the structure of a Journey Profile Acknowledgement Packet sent by the ATO-OB to the ATO-TS in response to an updated/overwritten Journey Profile Packet.

Packet Number		5			
ltem	Variable Name		Description	Length	Resolution/Formula
001	ATO Header		see chapter 7.2		-
Journey	Profile Acknowledg	gement	Details		
002	2 T_JP_Reference_Timest p_Date		JP_Reference_Timestam Date Date of the timestamp of the Journey Profile Packet (see 7.2 ATO Header) for which the acknowledgement is provided.		Date of a timestamp in UTC. The variable represents the number of days from the 1st January 2010. Values from 0 (01/01/2010) to 32767 (18/09/2099)
003	003 T_JP_Reference_Timesta p_Seconds		Seconds of the timestamp of the Journey Profile Packet in UTC (see 7.2 ATO Header) for which the acknowledgement is provided.	17 bits	Seconds of a timestamp in UTC. The variable represents the number of seconds from the beginning of the day. Values from 0 (00:00:00) to 86399 (23:59:59)

7.3.7.2. Journey Profile Acknowledgement Packet composition:



Packet Number 5		5			
Item	n Variable Name		Description	Length	Resolution/Formula
004	N_JP_Reference_Packet_C ounter		N_Packet_Counter of the Journey Profile Packet (see 7.2 ATO Header) for which the acknowledgement is provided.	8 bits	Binary to numeric

 Table 9 Journey Profile Acknowledgement Packet structure

#### 7.3.8. Segment Profile Request Packet (SPReq)

- 7.3.8.1. The section details the structure of a SPReq Packet sent by the ATO-OB to the ATO-TS.
- 7.3.8.2. Segment Profile Request Packet composition:

Packet Number 6		6					
ltem		Variable Name		Description	Length	Resolution/Formula	
001	ATO Header			see chapter 7.2		-	
Segmen	Segment Profile Request Details						
002	N_ITER			Number of iterations of SPs requested. The minimum value for the variable in this packet is 1.	5 bits	See [Ref 2], Section 7.5.1.80	
003	NID_C (k)			Identity of the SP's country or region.	10 bits	See [Ref 2], Section 7.5.1.86.	
004	NID_SP (k)			Identity of the requested Segment Profile.	32 bits	Binary to numeric	

#### Table 10 Segment Profile Request Packet structure

#### 7.3.9. Segment Profile Packet (SP)

- 7.3.9.1. This section details the structure of a Segment Profile Packet sent by the ATO-TS to the ATO-OB.
- 7.3.9.2. Segment Profile Packet composition:

Packet Number		7				
Item		Variable Name		Description	Length	Resolution/Formula
001	ATC	O Header		see chapter 7.2		-
Segmen	t Pro	file Status			1	
002	N_I	TER		Number of iterations of SPs in the packet.	5 bits	See [Ref 2], Section 7.5.1.80
003		NID_C (k)		Identity of the SP's country or region.	10 bits	See [Ref 2], Section 7.5.1.86.
004		NID_SP (k)		SP identity.	32 bits	Binary to numeric



Р	acket	Number	7			
Item		Variable Name	•	Description	Length	Resolution/Formula
005		Q_SP_Status (k)		Status of the Segment Profile: "Valid": SP requested. "Invalid": SP not found in ATO-TS database.	1 bits	0 = Invalid 1 = Valid
Segmer	nt Pro	ofile Details - If [	Q_SP	_Status <> Invalid ]		
006		M_SP_Version (	k)	If [ Q_SP_Status <> Invalid ] Identifier of the segment profile version.	16 bits	1 byte for the major version and 1 byte for the minor one.
007		L_SP (k)		If <b>[ Q_SP_Status &lt;&gt; Invalid ]</b> Length of the segment of railway covered by the SP.	24 bits	Binary to numeric (in centimetres) Minimum Value: 1
008	-	D_EoA_Offset (k	()	If <b>[ Q_SP_Status &lt;&gt; Invalid ]</b> Distance to stop the train in rear of the EoA.	24 bits	Binary to numeric (in centimetres)
009		Q_UTC_Offset (I	k)	If <b>[ Q_SP_Status &lt;&gt; Invalid ]</b> Offset to add to the UTC time in order to calculate the local time.	7 bits	Binary to numeric Unsigned value Resolution: 15 min 0 = UTC - 14:00 $56 = UTC \pm 0$ $112 = UTC \pm 14:00$ 113 - 127 = Spare
010		M_SP_Altitude (I	k)	If [ Q_SP_Status <> Invalid ] Altitude at the beginning of the SP. Considering ETRS89 as reference. Note: ETRS89 is the <u>EU</u> -recommended frame of reference for <u>geodata</u> for Europe	20 bits	Binary to numeric (in centimetres) starting at -1000m
011		Q_ATOTS_Cont o_Dir (k)	act_Inf	If <b>[Q_SP_Status &lt;&gt; Invalid ]</b> Qualifier indicating whether contact information of another ATO-TS valid for nominal travelling direction of the SP, valid for reverse travelling direction of the SP or no contact information follows.	2 bits	<ul> <li>0 = No Contact info follows</li> <li>1 = ATO-TS contact info for nominal direction follows</li> <li>2 = ATO-TS contact info for reverse direction follows</li> <li>3 = Spare</li> </ul>
			-	Q_ATOTS_Contact_Info_Dir == ATO-TS o _Dir == ATO-TS contact info for reverse		
012		NID_C (k)		If [ Q_ATOTS_Contact_Info_Dir == ATO- TS contact info for nominal direction follows or Q_ATOTS_Contact_Info_Dir == ATO-TS contact info for reverse direction follows ] Identity of the ATO-TS's country or region.	10 bits	See [Ref 2], Section 7.5.1.86.



Pa	cket Number 7			
Item	Variable Name	Description	Length	Resolution/Formula
013	NID_ATOTS (k)	If [Q_ATOTS_Contact_Info_Dir == ATO- TS contact info for nominal direction follows or Q_ATOTS_Contact_Info_Dir == ATO-TS contact info for reverse direction follows ]         Identifier of the adjacent ATO-TS.         The value of this variable is assigned to be unique, see clause 6.2.1.10	14 bits	Binary to numeric
014	NID_C (k)	If [ Q_ATOTS_Contact_Info_Dir == ATO- TS contact info for nominal direction follows or Q_ATOTS_Contact_Info_Dir == ATO-TS contact info for reverse direction follows ]         Identity of the SP's country or region.	10 bits	See [Ref 2], Section 7.5.1.86.
015	NID_SP (k)	If [Q_ATOTS_Contact_Info_Dir == ATO- TS contact info for nominal direction follows or Q_ATOTS_Contact_Info_Dir == ATO-TS contact info for reverse direction follows ]         SP identity of the first segment in the adjacent ATO-TS area.	32 bits	Binary to numeric
Static Sp	eed Profile Start			
016	V_STATIC (k)	Basic Static Speed Profile speed at the beginning of the Segment Profile. The variable used is comparable to V_STATIC, as defined in [Ref 2], Section 7.5.1.171.	7 bits	[0120] x 5 km/h <=> [0600] km/h; [121-127] = Spare
017	Q_FRONT (k)	see [Ref 2], Section 7.5.1.109 This is applicable only for step up.	1 bits	see [Ref 2], Section 7.5.1.109
Specific	SSP			
018	N_ITER (k)	Number of iterations of Specific Static Speed Profiles. If N_ITER is 0 then no data set is following.	5 bits	See [Ref 2], Section 7.5.1.80
019	Q_DIFF (k,l)	See [Ref 2], Section 7.5.1.102.1.	2 bits	See [Ref 2], Section 7.5.1.102.1.
Cant Def	iciency - If [ Q_DIFF ==	Cant Deficiency specific category ]	•	·
020	NC_CDDIFF (k,l)	If [ Q_DIFF == Cant Deficiency specific category ] See [Ref 2], Section 7.5.1.82.1	4 bits	See [Ref 2], Section 7.5.1.82.1
Other Sp	ecific SSP - If I Q DIFF	= Other specific category, replaces the C	ant Defici	ency SSP or Q_DIFF ==
-	_	ot replace the Cant Deficiency SSP ]		
021	NC_DIFF (k,l)	If [Q_DIFF == Other specific category, replaces the Cant Deficiency SSP or Q_DIFF == Other specific category, does not replace the Cant Deficiency SSP ] See [Ref 2], Section 7.5.1.83.	4 bits	See [Ref 2], Section 7.5.1.83.



Pa	cket Number	7			
ltem	Variable N	ame	Description	Length	Resolution/Formula
022	V_DIFF	(k,l)	See [Ref 2], Section 7.5.1.156	7 bits	See [Ref 2], Section 7.5.1.156
Static Sp	peed Profile Cha	nge			
023	N_ITER (k)		Number of iterations of Static Speed Profiles changes. If N_ITER is 0 then no data set is following.	5 bits	See [Ref 2], Section 7.5.1.80
024	D_Loca	tion (k,l)	Location of the Static Speed Profile change relatively to the beginning of the SP.	24 bits	Binary to numeric (in centimetres)
025	V_STAT	ΓIC (k,l)	Basic Static Speed Profile speed. The variable used is comparable to V_STATIC, as defined in [Ref 2], Section 7.5.1.171.	7 bits	[0120] x 5 km/h <=> [0600] km/h; [121-127] = Spare
026	Q_FRO	NT (k,l)	See [Ref 2], Section 7.5.1.109 This is applicable only for step up.	1 bits	see [Ref 2], Section 7.5.1.109
Specific	SSP Change				
027	N_ITER	. (k,l)	Number of iterations of Specific Static Speed Profiles. If N_ITER is 0 then no data set is following.	5 bits	See [Ref 2], Section 7.5.1.80
028	Q_[	DIFF (k,l,m)	See [Ref 2], Section 7.5.1.102.1.	2 bits	See [Ref 2], Section 7.5.1.102.1.
Cant Def	ficiency Change	- If [ Q_DII	FF == Cant Deficiency specific category	]	
029	NC_ (k,l,l	_CDDIFF m)	If [ Q_DIFF == Cant Deficiency specific category ] See [Ref 2], Section 7.5.1.82.1	4 bits	See [Ref 2], Section 7.5.1.82.1
-			_DIFF — Other specific category, replac ot replace the Cant Deficiency SSP ]	es the Ca	nt Deficiency SSP or Q_DIFF
030	NC_ (k,l,t	_DIFF m)	If [ Q_DIFF == Other specific category, replaces the Cant Deficiency SSP or Q_DIFF == Other specific category, does not replace the Cant Deficiency SSP ] See [Ref 2], Section 7.5.1.83.	4 bits	See [Ref 2], Section 7.5.1.83.
031	V_D	DIFF (k,l,m)	See [Ref 2], Section 7.5.1.156	7 bits	See [Ref 2], Section 7.5.1.156
Gradient	t Start				
032	G_New_Gra	dient (k)	Value of the new gradient at the beginning of the Segment Profile. The variable used is comparable to G_A, as defined in [Ref 2], Section 7.4.2.6.	10 bits	Binary to numeric (0-1023) with resolution 0.1‰
033	Q_GDIR (k)		see [Ref 2], Section 7.5.1.110	1 bits	see [Ref 2], Section 7.5.1.110
Gradient	ts Change				
034	N_ITER (k)		Number of iterations of gradient changes. If N_ITER is 0 then no data set is following.	5 bits	See [Ref 2], Section 7.5.1.80
035	D_Loca	tion (k,l)	Location of the gradient change relatively to the beginning of the SP.	24 bits	Binary to numeric (in centimetres)



Pa	acket Nu	mber	7			
Item	, <b>,</b>	Variable Name		Description	Length	Resolution/Formula
036		G_New_Gradi (k,l)	ient	Value of the new gradient. The variable used is comparable to G_A, as defined in [Ref 2], Section 7.4.2.6.	10 bits	Binary to numeric (0-1023) with resolution 0.1‰
037		Q_GDIR (k,l)		see [Ref 2], Section 7.5.1.110	1 bits	see [Ref 2], Section 7.5.1.110
Curve S	tart					
038		_Radius_Catego	ry	Curve category at the beginning of the	5 bits	0 = R>7000m
	(k	.)		Segment Profile.		1 = 7000m≥R>4500m
						2 = 4500m≥R>2800m
						3 = 2800m≥R>2000m
						4 = 2000m≥R>1500m
						5 = 1500m≥R>1250m
						6 = 1250m≥R>1075m
						7 = 1075m≥R>925m
						8 = 925m≥R>825m
						9 = 825m≥R>725m
						10 = 725m≥R>625m
						11 = 625m≥R>525m
						12 = 525m≥R>475m
						13 = 475m≥R>425m
						14 = 425m≥R>375m
						15 = 375m≥R>325m
						16 = 325m≥R>300m
						17 = 300m≥R>275m
						18 = 275m≥R>250m
						19 = 250m≥R>225m
						20 = 225m≥R>200m
						21 = 200m≥R>175m
						22 = 175≥R>150m
						23 = = R≤150m
						[24-31] = Spare
Curves	Change				1	1
039	N	_ITER (k)		Number of iterations of curve changes. If N_ITER is 0 then no data set is following.	5 bits	See [Ref 2], Section 7.5.1.80
040		D_Location (k	,I)	Location of the curve change relatively to the beginning of the SP.	24 bits	Binary to numeric (in centimetres)



Pa	acket Number	7			
Item	Variable Nam	Variable Name Description		Length	Resolution/Formula
041	Q_Radius_	Catego	Curve category.	5 bits	0 = R>7000m
	ry (k,l)				1 = 7000m≥R>4500m
					2 = 4500m≥R>2800m
					3 = 2800m≥R>2000m
					4 = 2000m≥R>1500m
					5 = 1500m≥R>1250m
					6 = 1250m≥R>1075m
					7 = 1075m≥R>925m
					8 = 925m≥R>825m
					9 = 825m≥R>725m
					10 = 725m≥R>625m
					11 = 625m≥R>525m
					12 = 525m≥R>475m
					13 = 475m≥R>425m
					14 = 425m≥R>375m
					15 = 375m≥R>325m
					16 = 325m≥R>300m
					17 = 300m≥R>275m
					18 = 275m≥R>250m
					19 = 250m≥R>225m
					20 = 225m≥R>200m
					21 = 200m≥R>175m
					22 = 175≥R>150m
					23 = = R≤150m
					[24-31] = Spare
Power V	/oltage Start				1
042	M_VOLTAGE (	()	See [Ref 2], Section 7.5.1.78	4 bits	See [Ref 2], Section 7.5.1.78
043	NID_CTRACTIO	DN (k)	If [ M_VOLTAGE <> Line not fitted with any traction system ]	10 bits	See [Ref 2], Section 7.5.1.86.1
			See [Ref 2], Section 7.5.1.86.1		
Power V	oltage Change				
044	N_ITER (k)		Number of iterations of voltage changes. If N_ITER is 0 then no data set is following.	5 bits	See [Ref 2], Section 7.5.1.80
045	D_Location	(k,l)	Location of the voltage change relatively to the beginning of the SP	24 bits	Binary to numeric (in centimetres)
046	M_VOLTAG	GE (k,l)	See [Ref 2], Section 7.5.1.78	4 bits	See [Ref 2], Section 7.5.1.78



Pa	cket Number 7			
ltem	Variable Name	Description	Length	Resolution/Formula
047	NID_CTRACTION (k,l)	<pre>N If [ M_VOLTAGE &lt;&gt; Line not fitted with any traction system ] See [Ref 2], Section 7.5.1.86.1</pre>		See [Ref 2], Section 7.5.1.86.1
Current L	imitation Start			
048	M_CURRENT (k)	See [Ref 2], Section 7.5.1.62.1 Note: a powerless section is indicated as a current limit "0" (zero)	10 bits	See [Ref 2], Section 7.5.1.62.1
Current L	imitation Change			
049	N_ITER (k)	Number of iterations of allowed current consumption changes. If N_ITER is 0 then no data set is following.	5 bits	See [Ref 2], Section 7.5.1.80
050	D_Location (k,l)	Location of the allowed current consumption change relatively to the beginning of the SP	24 bits	Binary to numeric (in centimetres)
051	M_CURRENT (k,l)	Current Consumption Limit See [Ref 2], Section 7.5.1.62.1	10 bits	See [Ref 2], Section 7.5.1.62.1
		Note: a powerless section is indicated as a current limit "0" (zero)		
Balise G	roup			
052	N_ITER (k)	Number of iterations of balise groups. If N_ITER is 0 then no data set is following.	5 bits	See [Ref 2], Section 7.5.1.80
053	Q_NEWNID_C (k,l)	Qualifier to indicate if NID_C of this balise group is following or the NID_C of the SP is valid for this balise group.	1 bits	0 = Use NID_C of SP 1 = NID_C to be used follows
054	NID_C (k,l)	If [T_Q_NEWNID_C == NID_C to be used follows] Identity of the BG's country or region.	10 bits	See [Ref 2], Section 7.5.1.86.
055	NID_BG (k,l)	See [Ref 2], Section 7.5.1.85.	14 bits	See [Ref 2], Section 7.5.1.85.
Balises				
056	N_ITER_BG (k,I)	Number of iterations of balises in the balise group, which are located on the k <sup>th</sup> SP Note: the number of balises belonging to a balise group and located on an SP may be lower than the total number of balises of the balise group, in case this latter is split over two SPs.	4 bits	Binary to numeric
057	N_PIG (k,l,m)	See [Ref 2], Section 7, 5.1.81	3 bits	See [Ref 2], Section 7, 5.1.81
058	D_Location (k,l,m)	Location of the balise relatively to the beginning of the SP.	24 bits	Binary to numeric (in centimetres)
Timing P	oints			
059	N_ITER (k)	Number of iterations of Timing Points. If N_ITER is 0 then no data set is following.	5 bits	See [Ref 2], Section 7.5.1.80



Pac	cket Number	7			
ltem	Variable Nam	e	Description	Length	Resolution/Formula
060	NID_TP (k	,I)	TP identity. The NID_TP is unique within a NID_C.	32 bits	Binary to numeric.
061	D_Location	n (k,l)	Location of the Timing Point relatively to the beginning of the SP.	24 bits	Binary to numeric (in centimetres)
062	Q_Stop_Lo Tolerance		Required stopping tolerance to use when the TP is a Stopping Point.	5 bits	centimetres) 0 = 10  cm 1 = 20  cm 2 = 30  cm 3 = 40  cm 4 = 50  cm 5 = 1  m 6 = 1,5  m 7 = 2  m 8 = 2,5  m 9 = 3  m 10 = 5  m 11 = 7,5  m 12 = 10  m 13 = 15  m 14 = 20  m 15 = 25  m 16 = 30  m 17 = 50  m 18 = 75  m 19 = 100  m [20-30] = Spare
					31 = No requirement



Pa	cket Nun	nber	7			
ltem	Variable Name		•	Description	Length	Resolution/Formula
063		Q_STP_Rea	ached	Distance from a Stopping Point to consider it	5 bits	0 = 10cm
		(k,l)		as reached.		1 = 20cm
						2 = 30cm
						3 = 40cm
						4 = 50cm
						5 = 1m
						6 = 1,5m
						7 = 2m
						8 = 2,5m
						9 = 3m
						10 = 5m
						11 = 7,5m
						12 = 10m
						13 = 15m
						14 = 20m
						15 = 25m
						16 = 30m
						17 = 50m
						18 = 75m
						19 = 100m
						[20-30] = Spare
						31 = No requirement
Timing P	oint Na	me				
064		L_TEXT (k,l)	)	See [Ref 4], Section 8.1.11.	8 bits	See [Ref 4], Section 8.1.11.
065		X_TEXT (k,l,m)	-	Name of the TP.	8 bits	See [Ref 4], Section 8.1.120.
Platform	Area					
066	N_	ITER (k)		Number of iterations of Platform Areas. If N_ITER is 0 then no data set is following.	5 bits	See [Ref 2], Section 7.5.1.80
067		Q_Range (k	.,I)	Specifies if the Platform Area starts, ends,	2 bits	0 = Starts
				starts and ends or covers the whole concerning Segment Profile		1 = Ends
						2 = StartsEnds
						3 = WholeSP
068		D_Start_Loc (k,l)	cation	If [ Q_Range == Starts or Q_Range == StartsEnds ]	24 bits	Binary to numeric (in centimetres)
				Location of the platform start relatively to the beginning of the SP.		



Packet Number 7					
Item	Variable Name D_End_Location (k,l)		Description	Length	Resolution/Formula
069					Binary to numeric (in centimetres)
Tunnel	, . <u> </u>				·
070	N_ITER	(k)	Number of iterations of tunnels. If N_ITER is 0 then no data set is following.	5 bits	See [Ref 2], Section 7.5.1.80
071	Q_f	Range (k,l)	Specifies if the Tunnel starts, ends, starts and ends or covers the whole concerning Segment Profile.	2 bits	0 = Starts 1 = Ends 2 = StartsEnds 3 = WholeSP
072	Q_T ry (I	Гunnel_Catego k,I)	Category of the Tunnel.	2 bits	<ul> <li>0 = Single track tunnel</li> <li>1 = Double track tunnel</li> <li>2 = Wide-cross section tunnel</li> <li>3 = Spare</li> </ul>
073	D_\$ (k,l)	Start_Location	If [ Q_Range == Starts or Q_Range == StartsEnds ] Location of the tunnel start relatively to the beginning of the SP.	24 bits	Binary to numeric (in centimetres)
074	D_E (k,l)	End_Location	If [ Q_Range == Ends or Q_Range == StartsEnds ] Location of the tunnel end relatively to the beginning of the SP.	24 bits	Binary to numeric (in centimetres)
Axle Loa	ad Speed Pro	ofile		•	
075	N_ITER	(k)	Number of iterations of Axle Load Speed Profiles. If N_ITER is 0 then no data set is following.	5 bits	See [Ref 2], Section 7.5.1.80
076	Q_f	Range (k,l)	Specifies if the Axle Load Speed Profile starts, ends, starts and ends or covers the whole concerning Segment Profile.	2 bits	0 = Starts 1 = Ends 2 = StartsEnds 3 = WholeSP
077	M_/ T (k	AXLELOADCA ;,I)	See [Ref 2], Section 7.5.1.62	7 bits	See [Ref 2], Section 7.5.1.62
078		New_Speed_Le (k,l)	Speed restriction to be applied if the axle load of the train ≥ M_AXLELOADCAT (k,v)	7 bits	[0120] x 5 km/h <=> [0600] km/h; [121-127] = Spare
079	Q_F	FRONT (k,I)	See [Ref 2], Section 7.5.1.109 This is applicable only for step up.	1 bits	see [Ref 2], Section 7.5.1.109



Pa	acket Numb	ber 7			
Item	Var	riable Name	Description	Length	Resolution/Formula
080		D_Start_Location (k,l)	If [ Q_Range == Starts or Q_Range == StartsEnds ] Location of the Axle Load Speed Profile start relatively to the beginning of the SP.	24 bits	Binary to numeric (in centimetres)
081		D_End_Location (k,l)	If [ Q_Range == Ends or Q_Range == StartsEnds ] Location of the Axle Load Speed Profile end relatively to the beginning of the SP.	24 bits	Binary to numeric (in centimetres)
Unprote	cted Leve	l Crossing Stop			
082	N_IT	rer (k)	Number of iterations of stopping locations for unprotected level crossings. If N_ITER is 0 then no data set is following.	5 bits	See [Ref 2], Section 7.5.1.80
083		D_UnprotectedLx_ Stop_Nominal (k,l)	Location of the stop in rear of an unprotected level crossing if the valid travelling direction of the SP is nominal. Undefined if for this travelling direction the location is not inside this SP.	24 bits	Binary to numeric (in centimetres) 16777215 = Undefined Location
084		D_UnprotectedLx_ Stop_Reverse (k,l)	Location of the stop in rear of an unprotected level crossing if the valid travelling direction of the SP is reverse. Undefined if for this travelling direction the location is not inside this SP.	24 bits	Binary to numeric (in centimetres) 16777215 = Undefined Location
Permitte	ed Braking	g Distance			
085	N_IT	FER (k)	Number of iterations of Permitted Braking Distance areas. If N_ITER is 0 then no data set is following.	5 bits	See [Ref 2], Section 7.5.1.80
086		Q_Range (k,l)	Specifies if the Permitted Braking Distance area starts, ends, starts and ends or covers the whole concerning Segment Profile.	2 bits	0 = Starts 1 = Ends 2 = StartsEnds 3 = WholeSP
087		D_Permitted_Braki ng_Distance (k,l)	Permitted Braking Distance value.	24 bits	Binary to numeric (in centimetres)
088		Q_PBD_SBEB (k,l)	Whether the permitted braking distance is to be achieved with the Service Brake or Emergency Brake.	1 bits	0 = Service Brake 1 = Emergency Brake
089		G_PBD (k,l)	A single gradient value applicable for the calculation	8 bits	Binary to numeric (0-255) with resolution 1‰
090		Q_GDIR_PBD (k,l)	Direction of the gradient.	1 bits	0 = Downhill 1 = Uphill



Pa	acket Nur	nber	7			
ltem	Va	ariable Name		Description	Length	Resolution/Formula
091		D_Start_Loca (k,l)	ation	If [ Q_Range == Starts or Q_Range == StartsEnds ] Location of the Permitted Braking Distance area start relatively to the beginning of the SP.	24 bits	Binary to numeric (in centimetres)
092		D_End_Locat (k,l)	tion	If [ Q_Range == Ends or Q_Range == StartsEnds ] Location of the Permitted Braking Distance area end relatively to the beginning of the SP.	24 bits	Binary to numeric (in centimetres)
Switch (	Off Regei	nerative Brak	ke			
093	N_1	ITER (k)		Number of iterations of Switch off Regenerative Brake areas. If N_ITER is 0 then no data set is following.	5 bits	See [Ref 2], Section 7.5.1.80
094		Q_Range (k,l)	)	Specifies if the Switch off Regenerative Brake area starts, ends, starts and ends or covers the whole concerning Segment Profile.	2 bits	0 = Starts 1 = Ends 2 = StartsEnds 3 = WholeSP
095		D_Start_Loca (k,l)	ation	If [ Q_Range == Starts or Q_Range == StartsEnds ] Location of the Switch off Regenerative Brake area start relatively to the beginning of the SP.	24 bits	Binary to numeric (in centimetres)
096		D_End_Locat (k,l)	tion	If [ Q_Range == Ends or Q_Range == StartsEnds ] Location of the Switch off Regenerative Brake area end relatively to the beginning of the SP.	24 bits	Binary to numeric (in centimetres)
Switch (	Off Eddy	Current Bral	ke		1	1
097	N_1	ITER (k)		Number of iterations of Switch off eddy current brake for service brake areas. If N_ITER is 0 then no data set is following.	5 bits	See [Ref 2], Section 7.5.1.80
098		Q_Range (k,l)	)	Specifies if the Switch off eddy current brake for service brake area starts, ends, starts and ends or covers the whole concerning Segment Profile.	2 bits	0 = Starts 1 = Ends 2 = StartsEnds 3 = WholeSP
099		D_Start_Loca (k,l)	ation	If [ Q_Range == Starts or Q_Range == StartsEnds ] Location of the Switch off eddy current brake for service brake area start relatively to the beginning of the SP.	24 bits	Binary to numeric (in centimetres)



Pac	ket Number	7			
ltem	Variable Nam	e Description	Length	Resolution/Formula	
100 D_End_Location (k,l)				Binary to numeric (in centimetres)	
Switch Of	f Eddy Current Er	nergency Brake			
101	N_ITER (k)	Number of iterations of Switch off eddy current brake for emergency brake areas. If N_ITER is 0 then no data set is following.	5 bits	See [Ref 2], Section 7.5.1.80	
102	Q_Range (	k,I) Specifies if the Switch off eddy current brak for emergency brake area starts, ends, star and ends or covers the whole concerning Segment Profile.		0 = Starts 1 = Ends 2 = StartsEnds 3 = WholeSP	
103	D_Start_Lo (k,l)	If [ Q_Range == Starts or Q_Range ==         StartsEnds ]         Location of the Switch off eddy current brak         for emergency brake area start relatively to         the beginning of the SP.	e 24 bits	Binary to numeric (in centimetres)	
104	D_End_Loc (k,l)	cation       If [ Q_Range == Ends or Q_Range ==         StartsEnds ]         Location of the Switch off eddy current brake         for emergency brake area end relatively to         the beginning of the SP.	24 bits	Binary to numeric (in centimetres)	
Switch Of	ff Magnetic Shoe I	Brake			
105	N_ITER (k)	Number of iterations of Switch off Magnetic Shoe Brake areas. If N_ITER is 0 then no data set is following.	5 bits	See [Ref 2], Section 7.5.1.80	
106	Q_Range(	k,I) Specifies if the Switch off Magnetic Shoe Brake area starts, ends, starts and ends or covers the whole concerning Segment Profile.	2 bits	0 = Starts 1 = Ends 2 = StartsEnds 3 = WholeSP	
107	D_Start_Lc (k,l)	cation       If [ Q_Range == Starts or Q_Range == StartsEnds ]         Location of the Switch off Magnetic Shoe         Brake area start relatively to the beginning of the SP.	24 bits	Binary to numeric (in centimetres)	
108	D_End_Loo (k,l)	cation       If [ Q_Range == Ends or Q_Range ==         StartsEnds ]         Location of the Switch off Magnetic Shoe         Brake area end relatively to the beginning of the SP.	24 bits	Binary to numeric (in centimetres)	



Packet Number 7			7		
Item	\ \	/ariable Name	Description	Length	Resolution/Formula
109	N_ITER (k)		Number of iterations of areas with Dynamic Brake force inhibition. If N_ITER is 0 then no data set is following.	5 bits	See [Ref 2], Section 7.5.1.80
110		Q_Range (k,l)	Specifies if the Dynamic Brake Inhibition Area starts, ends, starts and ends or covers the whole concerning Segment Profile.	2 bits	0 = Starts 1 = Ends 2 = forceStartsEnds 3 = WholeSP
111		D_Start_Locat (k,l)	If [ Q_Range == Starts or Q_Range == StartsEnds ] Location of the Dynamic Brake Force Inhibition Area start relatively to the beginning of the SP.	24 bits	Binary to numeric (in centimetres)
112		D_End_Locati (k,l)	If [ Q_Range == Ends or Q_Range == StartsEnds ] Location of the Dynamic Brake Force Inhibition Area end relatively to the beginning of the SP.	24 bits	Binary to numeric (in centimetres)
Area wi	th limite	d Dynamic Bra	ke force	•	
113	N	_ITER (k)	Number of iterations of areas with limited Dynamic Brake force. If N_ITER is 0 then no data set is following.	5 bits	See [Ref 2], Section 7.5.1.80
114		Q_Range (k,l)	Specifies if the Dynamic Brake Limitation Area starts, ends, starts and ends or covers the whole concerning Segment Profile.	2 bits	0 = Starts 1 = Ends 2 = forceStartsEnds 3 = WholeSP
115		M_Dynamic_B e_Force_Limit		16 bits	Range: 0 3000 kN, resolution 1 kN, Special values: 3001 MAXNUM - 1: spare MAXNUM: Unknown
116		D_Start_Locat (k,l)	If [ Q_Range == Starts or Q_Range == StartsEnds ] Location of the Dynamic Brake Force Limit Area start relatively to the beginning of the SP.	24 bits	Binary to numeric (in centimetres)
117		D_End_Location (k,l)	If [ Q_Range == Ends or Q_Range == StartsEnds ] Location of the Dynamic Brake Force Limit Area end relatively to the beginning of the SP.	24 bits	Binary to numeric (in centimetres)

#### Table 11 Segment Profile Packet structure



7.3.9.3. If the status of the Segment Profile is invalid, the Segment Profile Details shall finish after Q\_SP\_Status (Item 5).

#### 7.3.9.4. Segment Profile Location Dependent Data Types

- 7.3.9.4.1. All location dependent data types of a Segment Profile can be clustered into the following categories, which are explained in the consecutive chapters:
  - ATO Position Types
  - ATO Profile Types
  - ATO Area Types

13942	Table 14 assigns the category to the location dependent ATO data types.
1 10101 HEI	rabie in accigne and category to and recation acpendent, in o data type of

Location Dependent Data	АТО Туре
Static Speed Profile	Profile
Gradients	Profile
Curves	Profile
Power Voltage	Profile
Current Limitation	Profile
Balises	Position
Timing Points	Position
Platform Areas	Area
Tunnels	Area
Axle Load Speed Profiles	Area
Unprotected LX	Position
Permitted Braking Distances	Area
Switch off regenerative brake areas	Area
Switch off eddy current brake for SB	Area
Switch off eddy current brake for EB	Area



Switch off magnetic shoe brake	Area
Inhibition of the Dynamic Brake	Area
Dynamic Brake Force Limit	Area

#### Table 12: Type Classification for Segment Profile Data

#### 7.3.9.5. **ATO Position Types**

- 7.3.9.5.1. ATO Position Type elements are described by a distance relative to a reference point only and do not have any extension. Consequently, the location dependent data assigned to the Segment Profile is applicable at this position only.
- 7.3.9.5.2. At a specific position, only one element of the same position type shall be specified.
- 7.3.9.5.3. The data shall be sorted in ascending order of position.

#### 7.3.9.6. **ATO Profile Types**

- 7.3.9.6.1. An ATO Profile Type always starts at the Segment Profile's start point and is applicable till (excluding) the next discontinuity given in the profile, if any.
- 7.3.9.6.2. For each ATO Profile Type, the element at the Segment Profile's origin shall be given.
- 7.3.9.6.3. The position of any discontinuity shall not be located at the Segment Profile's start point. Discontinuities are optional.
- 7.3.9.6.4. At a specific position, only one element of the same ATO Profile Type shall be specified.
- 7.3.9.6.5. The data shall be sorted in ascending order of position.

#### 7.3.9.7. ATO Area Types

- 7.3.9.7.1. An ATO Area Type is defined by its start and end location and can cover multiple Segment Profiles. Only in case the area extremities are located within this particular Segment Profile they shall be given in this Segment Profile.
- 7.3.9.7.2. Data belonging to the same type/category (if applicable, e.g. M\_AXLELOADCAT) shall be sorted in ascending order of their start offset and shall neither overlap nor be nested.
- 7.3.9.7.3. If the start offset is not given, it is assumed as zero.
- 7.3.9.7.4. The end offset, if given, shall be unequal to the start offset of this particular type.

#### 7.3.9.8. Speed values



- 7.3.9.8.1. If at the same position multiple speed values of different categories/types (beside the static speed profile) are defined, they shall be sorted according to their category criterion. The sorting depends on the category/type:
  - a) NC\_CDDIFF: Ascending
  - b) NC\_DIFF: Ascending
  - c) M\_AXLELOADCAT: Ascending

#### 7.3.10. Status Report Packet (STR)

7.3.10.1. The section details the structure of a Status Report Packet sent by the ATO-OB to the ATO-TS.

#### 7.3.10.2. Status Report Packet composition:

Packet Number 8		8					
Item	Variable Name	1	Description	Length	Resolution/Formula		
001	ATO Header		see chapter 7.2		-		
Status F	Status Report Details						
002	M_ATO_State		The current ATO State in use.	4 bits	0 = Unknown		
					1 = CO		
					2 = NA		
					3 = AV		
					4 = RE		
					5 = EG		
					6 = DE		
					7 = FA		
					[8-15] = Spare		



Item         Variable Name         Description         Length         Resolution/Formula           003         Q_STR_Indicators         Bitset with the indicators state.         16 bits         bit = A consistency Error bit = A conting Error bit = Conting Error bit = A conting Error bit = A conting Error bit = Conting E	Pa	acket Number	8		
OutputCurrent Note inducted state:Not in the inducted state:Not in the inducted state:000Current Speed of the train when the STR is Stopping Point 1Dit = Cow adhesion reported by the driver004V_TRAIN_ATOCurrent speed of the train when the STR is sent.10 bitsBinary to numeric. Resolution: 1 km/h005L_TRAINSee [Ref 2], Section 7.5.1.56.12 bitsSee [Ref 2], Section 7.5.1.56.006DRIVER_IDSee [Ref 2], Section 7.5.1.56.12 bitsSee [Ref 2], Section 7.5.1.56.007NID_CIdentity of the SP's country or region. Not relevant if D_Sending_Position = Undefined Location.10 bitsSinary to numeric. Resolution: 1 km/h008NID_SPSP identity. Not relevant if D_Sending_Position = Undefined Location.10 bitsSee [Ref 2], Section 7.5.1.86.009D_Sending_PositionPosition of the estimated front end of the train at the moment the STR is sent (relevant if D_Sending_Position = Undefined Location.10 bitsSinary to numeric (in centimetres) trainetweitevely from the beginning of the given sp).1010NID_CIdentity of the previous TP's country or region. Not relevant if NID_TP's undefined train at the moment the STR is sent (region. Not relevant if NID_TP's undefined) train at the moment the STR is sent (region. Not relevant if NID_TP's undefined) train at the moment the STR is sent (region. Not relevant if NID_TP's undefined) train at the moment the STR is sent (region. Not relevant if NID_TP's undefined) train the the set sent if NID_TP's undefined)10 bitsSee [Ref 2], Section 7.5.1.86. <t< th=""><th>Item</th><th>Variable Name</th><th>Description</th><th>Length</th><th>Resolution/Formula</th></t<>	Item	Variable Name	Description	Length	Resolution/Formula
bit2 = Next Stopping Point Skip bit3 = Low adhesion reported by the driverbit3 = Low adhesion reported by the driverbit3 = Low adhesion reported by the driverbit4 = Next Stopping Point Skip bit5 = Train is moving bit6 = Unable to stop at the next Stopping Point004V_TRAIN_ATO005L_TRAIN006L_TRAIN007NID_CR008NID_SP009See [Ref 2], Section 7.5.1.56.010See [Ref 2], Section 7.5.1.56.011NID_SP012Jesting Position013NID_SP014See [Ref 2], Section 7.5.1.56.015See [Ref 2], Section 7.5.1.56.016DRIVER_ID017NID_C018Identity of the SP's country or region. Not relevant if D_sending_Position = Undefined Location019D_Sending_Position028Position of the estimated front end of the trait at the moment the STR is sending region. Not relevant if D_Sending_Position = Undefined Location.019NID_C110Identity of the previous TP's country or region. Not relevant if ND_TP is undefined traitively from the beginning of the given sP).Previous TP InformationIdentity of the previous TP's country or region. Not relevant if ND_C.011NID_C012Q_Pass_Stop_DepartQualifier to indicate if train has stopped at the TP, has departed from the TP or has passed the TP. a undefined012Q_Pass_Stop_DepartQualifier to indicate if train has stopped at passed the TP. a - Undefined <t< td=""><td>003</td><td>Q_STR_Indicators</td><td>Bitset with the indicators state.</td><td>16 bits</td><td>bit0 = JP SP Consistency Error</td></t<>	003	Q_STR_Indicators	Bitset with the indicators state.	16 bits	bit0 = JP SP Consistency Error
bit3 = Low adhesion reported by the driverbit3 = Low adhesion reported by the driverbit4 = - Doperational conditions fulfimentbit5 = Train is moving bit6 = - Unable to stop at the next Stopping Pointbit6 = - Unable to stop at the next Stopping Pointbit7 = Stip/silde reported by TCMS/Train [bit8-bit15] = Spare004V_TRAIN_ATOCurrent speed of the train when the STR is sent.10 bitsBinary to numeric. Resolution: 1 km/h005L_TRAIN006DRIVER_IDSee [Ref 2], Section 7.5.1.56.12 bits007NID_C008NID_SP009D_Sending_Position009D_Sending_Position009D_Sending_Position009D_Sending_Position009D_Sending_Position010NID_C111NID_C122Identity of the previous TP's country or region. Not relevant if D_Sending_Position = Undefined Location.010NID_C111NID_C112NID_C113NID_C114NID_TP115Identity of the previous TP's country or region. Not relevant if NID_TP is unique within a NID_C.114NID_TP115Q_Pass_Stop_Depart116Q_Pass_Stop_Depart117Q_Pass_Stop_Depart118Qualifier to indicate if train has stopped at the TP, has departed from the TP or has passed the TP.112Q_Pass_Stop_Depart1132Qualifier to indicate if train has stopp					bit1 = Routing Error
Image: set of the					bit2 = Next Stopping Point Skip
Image: series of the series					
bitsJusticeJ					-
Image: stand s					bit5 = Train is moving
Image: Constraint of the second sec					
004V_TRAIN_ATOCurrent speed of the train when the STR is sent.10 bitsBinary to numeric. Resolution: 1 km/h005L_TRAINSee [Ref 2], Section 7.5.1.56.12 bitsSee [Ref 2], Section 7.5.1.56.06060DRIVER_IDSee [Ref 6], Section 4.2.3.7.128 bitsSee [Ref 6], Section 4.2.3.7.See [Ref 6], Section 4.2.3.7.STR Sending Location007NID_CIdentity of the SP's country or region. Not relevant if D_Sending_Position = Undefined Location.10 bitsSee [Ref 2], Section 7.5.1.86.008NID_SPSP identity. Not relevant if D_Sending_Position = Undefined Location.32 bitsBinary to numeric009D_Sending_PositionPosition of the estimated front end of the train at the moment the STR is sent (relatively from the beginning of the given SP).24 bitsBinary to numeric (in centimetres) 16777215 = Undefined LocationO10NID_C010NID_CIdentity of the previous TP's country or region. Not relevant if NID_TP is undefined.10 bitsSee [Ref 2], Section 7.5.1.86.O11NID_C011NID_TPPrevious TP identity. The NID_TP is unique within a NID_C.32 bitsBinary to numeric. 424967295 for undefined value.012Q_Pass_Stop_DepartQualifier to indicate if train has stopped at the TP, has departed from the TP or has passed the TP.2 bits0 = Train passed the TP 1 = Train departed from the TP 3 = Undefined					
endsent.Resolution: 1 km/h005L_TRAINSee [Ref 2], Section 7.5.1.56.12 bitsSee [Ref 2], Section 7.5.1.56.006DRIVER_IDSee [Ref 6], Section 4.2.3.7.128 bitsSee [Ref 6], Section 4.2.3.7.STR Senting Location007NID_CIdentity of the SP's country or region. Not relevant if D_Sending_Position = Undefined Location.10 bitsSee [Ref 2], Section 7.5.1.86.008NID_SPSP identity. Not relevant if D_Sending_Position = Undefined Location.32 bitsBinary to numeric009D_Sending_PositionPosition of the estimated front end of the train at the moment the STR is sent (relatively from the beginning of the given SP).24 bitsBinary to numeric (in centimetres) 16777215 = Undefined Location SP).Previous TP Information010NID_CIdentity of the previous TP's country or region. Not region. Not relevant if NID_TP is undefined.10 bitsSee [Ref 2], Section 7.5.1.86.011NID_TPPrevious TP Identity. The NID_TP is undefined.10 bitsSee [Ref 2], Section 7.5.1.86.012Q_Pass_Stop_DepartQualifier to indicate if train has stopped at the TP is a spased the TP.2 bitsBinary to numeric.012Q_Pass_Stop_DepartQualifier to indicate if train has stopped at the TP is a Undefined2 bits0 = Train passed the TP is a Train departed from the TP is a Undefined012Q_Pass_Stop_DepartQualifier to indicate if train has stopped at the TP is a Undefined2 bits0 = Train departed from the TP is a spased the TP is a Undefined013NID_CSee					[bit8-bit15] = Spare
DescriptionDescriptionResolution: FRMM005L_TRAINSee [Ref 2], Section 7.5.1.56.12 bitsSee [Ref 2], Section 7.5.1.56.006DRIVER_IDSee [Ref 6], Section 4.2.3.7.128 bitsSee [Ref 6], Section 4.2.3.7.STR Sending Location007NID_CIdentity of the SP's country or region. Not relevant if D_Sending_Position = Undefined Location.10 bitsSee [Ref 2], Section 7.5.1.86.008NID_SPSP identity. Not relevant if D_Sending_Position = Undefined Location.32 bitsBinary to numeric009D_Sending_PositionPosition of the estimated front end of the train at the moment the STR is sent (relatively from the beginning of the given SP).24 bitsBinary to numeric (in centimetres) 16777215 = Undefined LocationO10NID_C010NID_CIdentity of the previous TP's country or region. Not relevant if NID_TP is undefined. within a NID_C.10 bitsSee [Ref 2], Section 7.5.1.86.011NID_TPPrevious TP identity. The NID_TP is unique within a NID_C.32 bitsBinary to numeric. 4294967295 for undefined value.012Q_Pass_Stop_DepartQualifier to indicate if train has stopped at the TP, has departed from the TP or has passed the TP.2 bits0 = Train passed the TP 	004	V_TRAIN_ATO		is 10 bits	Binary to numeric.
O06DRIVER_IDSee [Ref 6], Section 4.2.3.7.128 bitsSee [Ref 6], Section 4.2.3.7.STR Sending Location007NID_CIdentity of the SP's country or region. Not relevant if D_Sending_Position = Undefined Location.10 bitsSee [Ref 2], Section 7.5.1.86.008NID_SPSP identity. Not relevant if D_Sending_Position = Undefined Location.32 bitsBinary to numeric009D_Sending_PositionPosition of the estimated front end of the train at the moment the STR is sent (relatively from the beginning of the given SP).24 bitsBinary to numeric (in centimetres) 16777215 = Undefined Location010NID_CIdentity of the previous TP's country or region. Not relevant if NID_TP is undefined.10 bitsSee [Ref 2], Section 7.5.1.86.011NID_CIdentity of the previous TP's country or region. Not relevant if NID_TP is undefined.32 bitsBinary to numeric. 4294967295 for undefined value.012Q_Pass_Stop_DepartQualifier to indicate if train has stopped at the TP, has departed from the TP or has passed the TP.2 bits0 = Train passed the TP 1 = Train stopped at the TP 2 = Train departed from the TP 3 = Undefined			sent.		Resolution: 1 km/h
STR Sending Location         007       NID_C       Identity of the SP's country or region. Not relevant if D_Sending_Position = Undefined Location.       10 bits       See [Ref 2], Section 7.5.1.86.         008       NID_SP       SP identity. Not relevant if D_Sending_Position = Undefined Location.       32 bits       Binary to numeric         009       D_Sending_Position       Position of the estimated front end of the train at the moment the STR is sent (relatively from the beginning of the given SP).       24 bits       Binary to numeric (in centimetres) (16777215 = Undefined Location         010       NID_C       Identity of the previous TP's country or region. Not relevant if NID_TP is undefined.       10 bits       See [Ref 2], Section 7.5.1.86.         011       NID_C       Identity of the previous TP's country or region. Not relevant if NID_TP is undefined.       10 bits       See [Ref 2], Section 7.5.1.86.         012       Q_Pass_Stop_Depart       Qualifier to indicate if train has stopped at the TP, has departed from the TP or has passed the TP.       2 bits       0 = Train passed the TP is a Undefined Value.         012       Q_Pass_Stop_Depart       Qualifier to indicate if train has stopped at the TP is a Undefined Value.       2 bits       0 = Train departed from the TP is a Undefined Value.         012       Q_Pass_Stop_Depart       Qualifier to indicate if train has stopped at the TP is a Undefined Value.       2 bits       0 = Train departed from the TP is a Undefi	005	L_TRAIN	See [Ref 2], Section 7.5.1.56.	12 bits	See [Ref 2], Section 7.5.1.56.
007       NID_C       Identity of the SP's country or region. Not relevant if D_Sending_Position = Undefined Location.       10 bits       See [Ref 2], Section 7.5.1.86.         008       NID_SP       SP identity. Not relevant if D_Sending_Position = Undefined Location.       32 bits       Binary to numeric         009       D_Sending_Position       Position of the estimated front end of the train at the moment the STR is sent (relatively from the beginning of the given SP).       24 bits       Binary to numeric (in centimetres) (relatively from the beginning of the given SP).         Previous TP Information         010       NID_C       Identity of the previous TP's country or region. Not relevant if NID_TP is undefined.       10 bits       See [Ref 2], Section 7.5.1.86.         011       NID_C       Identity of the previous TP's country or region. Not relevant if NID_TP is undefined.       10 bits       See [Ref 2], Section 7.5.1.86.         011       NID_TP       Previous TP identity. The NID_TP is unique within a NID_C.       32 bits       Binary to numeric. 4294967295 for undefined value.         012       Q_Pass_Stop_Depart       Qualifier to indicate if train has stopped at the TP, has departed from the TP or has passed the TP.       2 bits       0 = Train passed the TP 1 = Train stopped at the TP 2 = Train departed from the TP 3 = Undefined	006	DRIVER_ID	See [Ref 6], Section 4.2.3.7.	128 bits	See [Ref 6], Section 4.2.3.7.
relevant if D_Sending_Position = Undefined Location.Image: Constraint of Constraint o	STR Ser	nding Location			
D_Sending_PositionD_Sending_Position = Undefined Location.009D_Sending_PositionPosition of the estimated front end of the train at the moment the STR is sent (relatively from the beginning of the given SP).24 bitsBinary to numeric (in centimetres) 16777215 = Undefined LocationPrevious TP Information10 bitsSee [Ref 2], Section 7.5.1.86.010NID_CIdentity of the previous TP's country or region. Not relevant if NID_TP is undefined.10 bitsSee [Ref 2], Section 7.5.1.86.011NID_TPPrevious TP identity. The NID_TP is unique within a NID_C.32 bitsBinary to numeric. 4294967295 for undefined012Q_Pass_Stop_DepartQualifier to indicate if train has stopped at the TP, has departed from the TP or has passed the TP.2 bits0 = Train passed the TP 1 = Train stopped at the TP 2 = Train departed from the TP 3 = Undefined	007	NID_C	relevant if D_Sending_Position = Undefin		See [Ref 2], Section 7.5.1.86.
train at the moment the STR is sent (relatively from the beginning of the given SP).centimetres) 16777215 = Undefined LocationPrevious TP InformationNID_CIdentity of the previous TP's country or region. Not relevant if NID_TP is undefined.10 bitsSee [Ref 2], Section 7.5.1.86.011NID_TPPrevious TP identity. The NID_TP is unique within a NID_C.32 bitsBinary to numeric. 4294967295 for undefined012Q_Pass_Stop_DepartQualifier to indicate if train has stopped at the TP, has departed from the TP or has passed the TP.2 bits0 = Train passed the TP 1 = Train stopped at the TP 2 = Train departed from the TP 3 = Undefined	008	NID_SP			Binary to numeric
010NID_CIdentity of the previous TP's country or region. Not relevant if NID_TP is undefined.10 bitsSee [Ref 2], Section 7.5.1.86.011NID_TPPrevious TP identity. The NID_TP is unique within a NID_C.32 bitsBinary to numeric. 4294967295 for undefined value.012Q_Pass_Stop_DepartQualifier to indicate if train has stopped at the TP, has departed from the TP or has passed the TP.2 bits0 = Train passed the TP 1 = Train stopped at the TP 2 = Train departed from the TP 3 = Undefined	009	D_Sending_Position	train at the moment the STR is sent (relatively from the beginning of the given		centimetres)
of 11NID_TPPrevious TP identity. The NID_TP is unique within a NID_C.32 bitsBinary to numeric. 4294967295 for undefined value.012Q_Pass_Stop_DepartQualifier to indicate if train has stopped at 	Previous	s TP Information		I	
within a NID_C.       4294967295 for undefined value.         012       Q_Pass_Stop_Depart       Qualifier to indicate if train has stopped at the TP, has departed from the TP or has passed the TP.       2 bits       0 = Train passed the TP         1 = Train stopped at the TP.       2 = Train departed from the TP or has passed the TP.       3 = Undefined	010	NID_C			See [Ref 2], Section 7.5.1.86.
the TP, has departed from the TP or has passed the TP. 1 = Train stopped at the TP 2 = Train departed from the TP 3 = Undefined	011	NID_TP		ue 32 bits	4294967295 for undefined
passed the TP. 2 = Train departed from the TP 3 = Undefined	012	Q_Pass_Stop_Depart		t 2 bits	0 = Train passed the TP
2 = Train departed from the TP 3 = Undefined					1 = Train stopped at the TP
					2 = Train departed from the TP
					3 = Undefined
Accurate Stopping - If [ Q_Pass_Stop_Depart == Train stopped at the TP ]	Accurat	e Stopping - If [ Q Pa	ss_Stop_Depart == Train stopped at the T	TP ]	1



F	Packet Number	8			
Item	Variable Name	!	Description	Length	Resolution/Formula
013	Q_Accurate_Stopping		If [ Q_Pass_Stop_Depart == Train stopped at the TP ] This qualifier specifies if the train has stopped accurately or not at the Operational Stopping Point.	2 bits	0 = Undershoot 1 = Accurate 2 = Overshoot 3 = Spare
Timing	Point Estimation			1	
014	N_ITER		Number of iterations of TPs information. If N_ITER is 0 then no data set is following.	5 bits	See [Ref 2], Section 7.5.1.80
015	NID_C (k)		Identifier of the next TP's country or region.	10 bits	See [Ref 2], Section 7.5.1.86.
016	NID_TP (k)		Next TP identity. The NID_TP is unique within a NID_C.	32 bits	Binary to numeric.
017	T_Arrival_Date (	k)	Date to arrive at the TP.	15 bits	Date of a timestamp in UTC. The variable represents the number of days from the 1st January 2010. Values from 0 (01/01/2010) to 32767 (18/09/2099)
018	T_Arrival_Secon	ds (k)	Estimated time in seconds to arrive at the TP.	17 bits	Seconds of a timestamp in UTC. The variable represents the number of seconds from the beginning of the day. Values from 0 (00:00:00) to 86400 (24:00:00)

 Table 13 Status Report Packet structure

#### 7.3.11. Status Report Acknowledgement Packet (STRAck)

7.3.11.1. The section details the structure of a Status Report Acknowledgement Packet sent by the ATO-TS to the ATO-OB.

#### 7.3.11.2. Status Report Acknowledgement Packet composition:

Packet Number 9		9					
ltem	Variable Name	)	Description	Length	Resolution/Formula		
001	ATO Header		see chapter 7.2		-		
Status F	Status Report Acknowledgement Details						
002	T_STR_Reference_Timesta mp_Date		Date of the timestamp of the Status Report Packet (see 7.2 ATO Header) for which the acknowledgement is provided.	15 bits	Date of a timestamp in UTC. The variable represents the number of days from the 1st January 2010.		
					Values from 0 (01/01/2010) to 32767 (18/09/2099)		



Packet Number 9		9			
Item	Variable Name	•	Description	Length	Resolution/Formula
003	T_STR_Reference_T mp_Seconds	imesta	Seconds of the timestamp of the Status Report Packet in UTC (see 7.2 ATO Header) for which the acknowledgement is provided.	17 bits	Seconds of a timestamp in UTC. The variable represents the number of seconds from the beginning of the day. Values from 0 (00:00:00) to 86399 (23:59:59)
004	N_STR_Reference_P Counter	acket_	N_Packet_Counter of the Status Report (see 7.2 ATO Header) for which the acknowledgement is provided.	8 bits	Binary to numeric

 Table 14 Status Report Acknowledgement Packet structure

#### 7.3.12. Session Termination Request Packet (SESSTermReq)

- 7.3.12.1. The section details the structure of a Session Termination Request Packet sent by the ATO-TS to the ATO-OB.
- 7.3.12.2. Session Termination Request Packet composition:

Pa	Packet Number 10				
ltem	tem Variable Name		Description	Length	Resolution/Formula
001	ATO Header		see chapter 7.2		-

 Table 15 Session Termination Request Packet structure

#### 7.3.13. Session Termination Packet (SESSTerm)

7.3.13.1. The section details the structure of a Session Termination Packet sent by the ATO-OB to the ATO-TS.

#### 7.3.13.2. Session Termination Packet composition:

Packet Number		11							
Item	Variable Name		Description	Length	Resolution/Formula				
001	ATO Header		see chapter 7.2		-				
Session Termination Details									



Packet Number 11		11			
Item	Variable Name	)	Description	Length	Resolution/Formula
002	Q_Termination_Reaso	on	Qualifier indicating the reason for the communication session termination.	4bits	<ul> <li>0 = End of Journey reached</li> <li>1 = ATO-TS Termination Request</li> <li>2 = Last SP left</li> <li>3 = Cab inactive</li> <li>4 = TRN or train length not valid</li> <li>5 = ETCS-OB in NL</li> <li>6 = ETCS-OB in SH</li> <li>7 = ATO TS Handover cancelled</li> <li>8 - 15 = Spare</li> </ul>

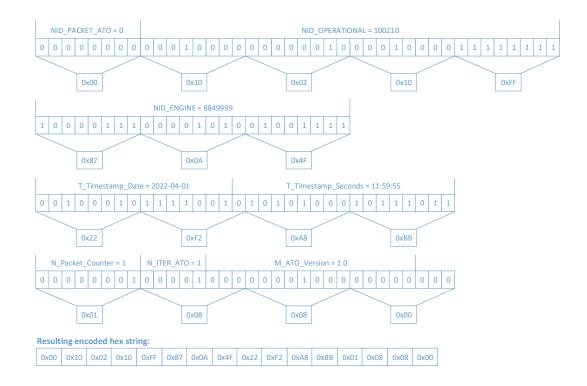
Table 16 Session Termination Packet structure



## **APPENDIX**

## A.1. Example Encoded Handshake Request Packet

A.1.1. The following example shows the encoding of a Handshake Request Packet.



#### Figure 1 Encoded Handshake Request Packet

The hex string for the Handshake Request Packet example is as follows:

• 0x00100210FF870A4F22F2A8BB01080800