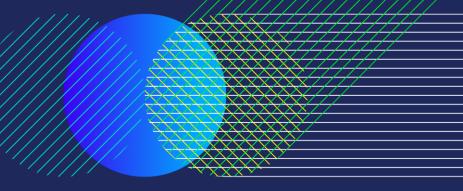


Norway Tendering Strategy

CCRCC 2017

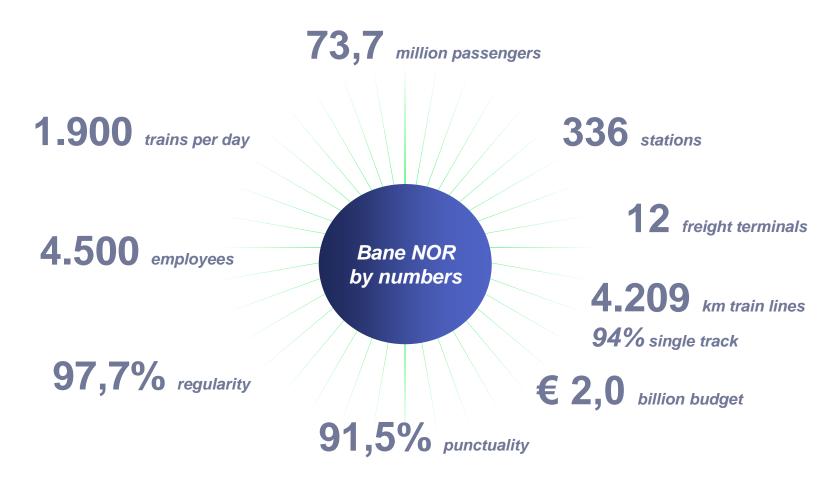
15th November 2017 Sverre Kjenne – EVP Digitalisation and technology



Purpose of the presentation

- Introduce the Norwegian challenge
- Describe the strategical decisions
- Allow for a short reflection





BANE NOR

Urgent need for renewal as the main driver

- 80% of Norwegian systems are relay based
- Production and support halted
- Challenge to interface new equipment
- Lack of qualified resources
- Signal and telecom make up 40% of delays



Further need for technical barriers

No automatic train stop or speed supervision

Automatic train stop (DATC)

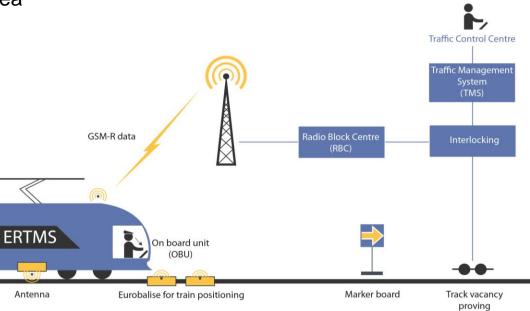
Automatic train stop and speed supervision (FATC)





Program valued € 2,7billion and consists of three parts

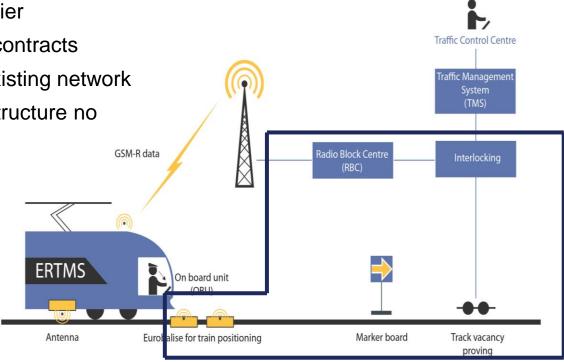
- One supplier for each technical area
 - Trackside
 - Onboard
 - TMS
- ERTMS level 2 baseline 3.6 as in Denmark and Sweden





Trackside supplier limited to core competence

- Signalling Systems one supplier
- Preparatory civil works local contracts
- Telecom services –based on existing network
- Removal and disposal of infrastructure no longer in use – local contracts



BANE NOR

Hard choice to decide on number of suppliers for trackside

One supplier

- Simpler specification
- Less interfaces
- Simpler administration and version handling
- Better prices due to higher volume
- More power to supplier after contract has been signed

Two suppliers

- Better in case of total failure of one supplier
- No real competition due to lack of standards
- Difficult to cross over solutions between two suppliers
- Higher development cost and complexity; increased probability of delay

We finally decided to go for one trackside supplier

- Timing is critical
- Probability of delay is high
- Probability of total failure is lower and should be planned separately
- Introduce a standard EULYNX as a direction
- One monopolist is bad, two even worse?



The onboard and TMS projects are critical components

Onboard

- Bane NOR enters into a contract for Generic Application
- Each RVO enters into a contract for their rolling stock (550)
- Bane NOR coordinates without responsibility for the vehicles
- The RVOs receive 50% of their costs funded by the state

TMS

- First version to handle existing signalling systems
- Gradually implement each line as ERTMS is rolled out



Some reflections in the middle of the program

- Valuable learning from our pilot line put into production 2015
- Excellent information sharing with Denmark and Sweden
- Excellent support from the ERTMS Users Group
- High cost and complexity
- More work to be done on standardization
- Higher focus on trackside solutions (>80% of costs)
- The industry moves slowly ATO and level 3?





Thank you for your attention!



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