

# RFI ERTMS implementation plan in Italy – A system technological strategy

#CCRCC2019 – The ERTMS conference

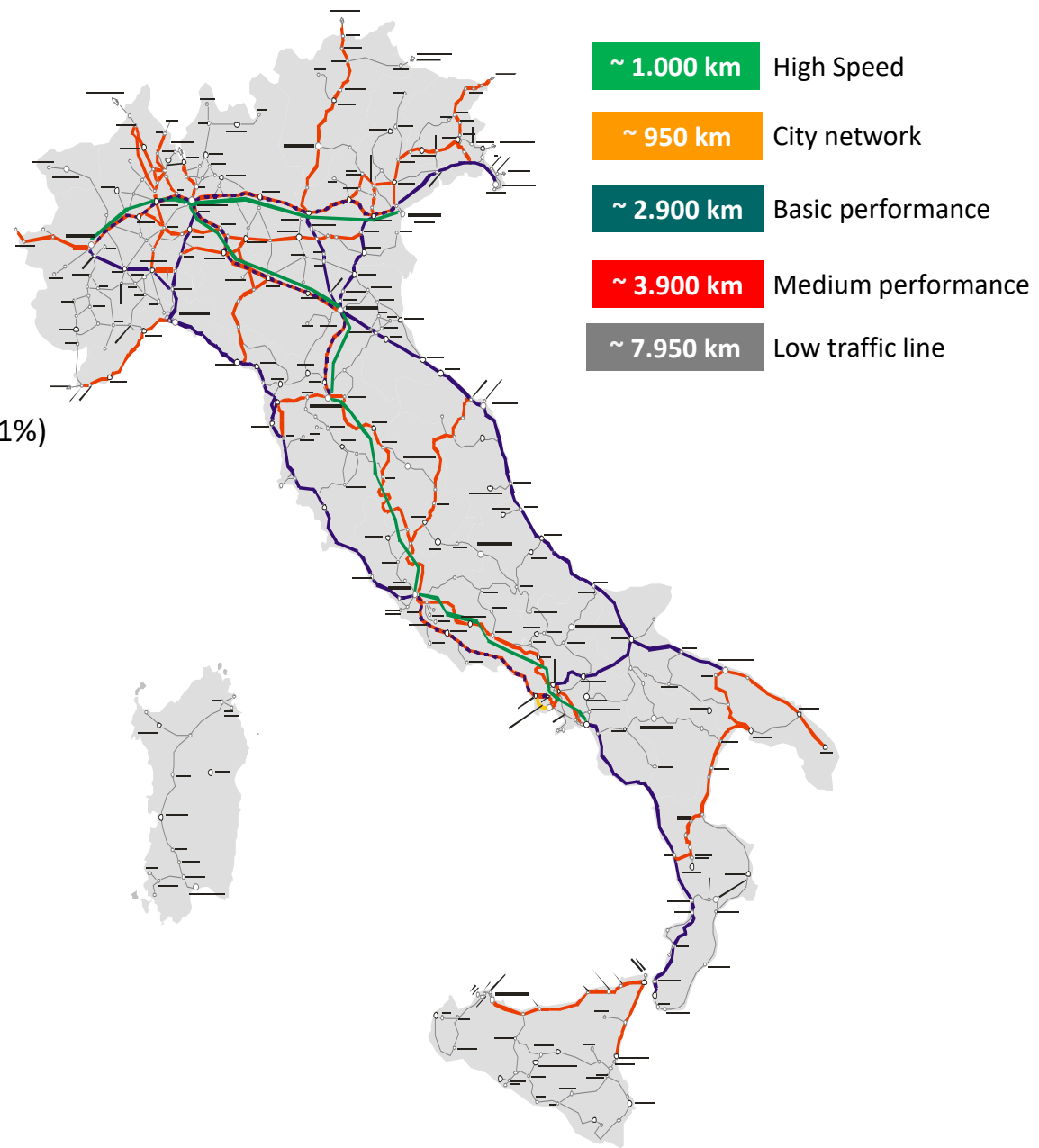
Fabio Senesi



# RFI: national railway infrastructure

<b>Network</b>	<b>16.742</b>	<b>km</b>
<i>Double track</i>	7.536	km
<i>Single track</i>	9.206	km
<i>Power supplied lines</i>	11.932	km (71%)
Tunnels and bridges	1.980	km
Stations	1500	

<b>Signalling technologies</b>		
SSC – SCMT	16.742	km
ERTMS	758	km
Digital Interlocking	300	
GSM-R	12.000	km



# ERTMS IN ITALY: line in operation and ongoing projects



Legenda

- ERTMS\_IN\_OPERATION
- ERTMS\_IN\_REALIZATION
- rete
- REGIONE

Category	Line	Level / Baseline	Year	Length (km)	
HS/HS	ROMA – NAPOLI HS/HC	LEVEL 2 BASELINE 2		738 km	
	TORINO – MILANO HS/HC	LEVEL 2 BASELINE 2			
	MILANO - BOLOGNA HS/HC	LEVEL 2 BASELINE 2			
	BOLOGNA – FIRENZE HS/HC	LEVEL 2 BASELINE 2			
	TREVIGLIO – BRESCIA HS/HC	LEVEL 2 BASELINE 2			
	DD FIRENZE – ROMA HS/HC	LEVEL 2 BASELINE 2	2021		
CORE CORRIDORS	BRESCIA – VERONA HS/HC	LEVEL 2 BASELINE 3	2024	363 km	
	MILANO GENOVA HS/HC	LEVEL 2 BASELINE 3	2023		
	ISELLE – DOMODOSSOLA (DAL 25.10.2018)	LEVEL 1 LS BASELINE 3			1200 km
	DOMODOSSOLA – NOVARA	LEVEL 1 RIU BASELINE 3	2019		
	RANZO – LUINO	LEVEL 1 LS BASELINE 3	2019		
	MILANO – CHIASSO	LEVEL 2 BASELINE 3	2021		
BRENNERO – VERONA	LEVEL 2 BASELINE 3	2021			
MILANO – GENOVA	LEVEL 2 BASELINE 3	2022			
REGIONAL	NOVARA – PADOVA – VENEZIA	LEVEL 2 BASELINE 3	2021	85 km	
	VICENZA – TRIESTE/VILLA OPICINA	LEVEL 1/2 BASELINE 3	2021		
	Urban Nodes HD ERTMS MILANO, ROMA, FIRENZE	LEVEL 2/3 BASELINE 3	2021		
	ERSAT – PINEROLO SANGONE	LEVEL 2/3 BASELINE 3	2022		25 km
	REGIONAL – ROCCASECCA AVEZZANO	LEVEL 2/3 BASELINE 3	2022		25 km
			<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>2456 km</b> <i>(up to 16800km)</i>	



**SST / SSB  
INTEGRATION  
IOP TEST FOR  
SAFE INTEGRATION**

**ERTMS IN  
OPERATION**  
**ERTMS IN  
REALIZATION**

## ERTMS/ETCS RFI project facts & figures

- ❑ In commercial operation since 2005
- ❑ 738 km High speed Lines equipped by ERTMS/ETCS level 2 without fall back
- ❑ 300 km/h present operational speed
- ❑ Baseline 3 trackside system compatibility
- ❑ 300 trains per day
- ❑ 5' real headway (3' potential headway)

## Future applications and on going trial site et forecst for operation

ATO  
2022

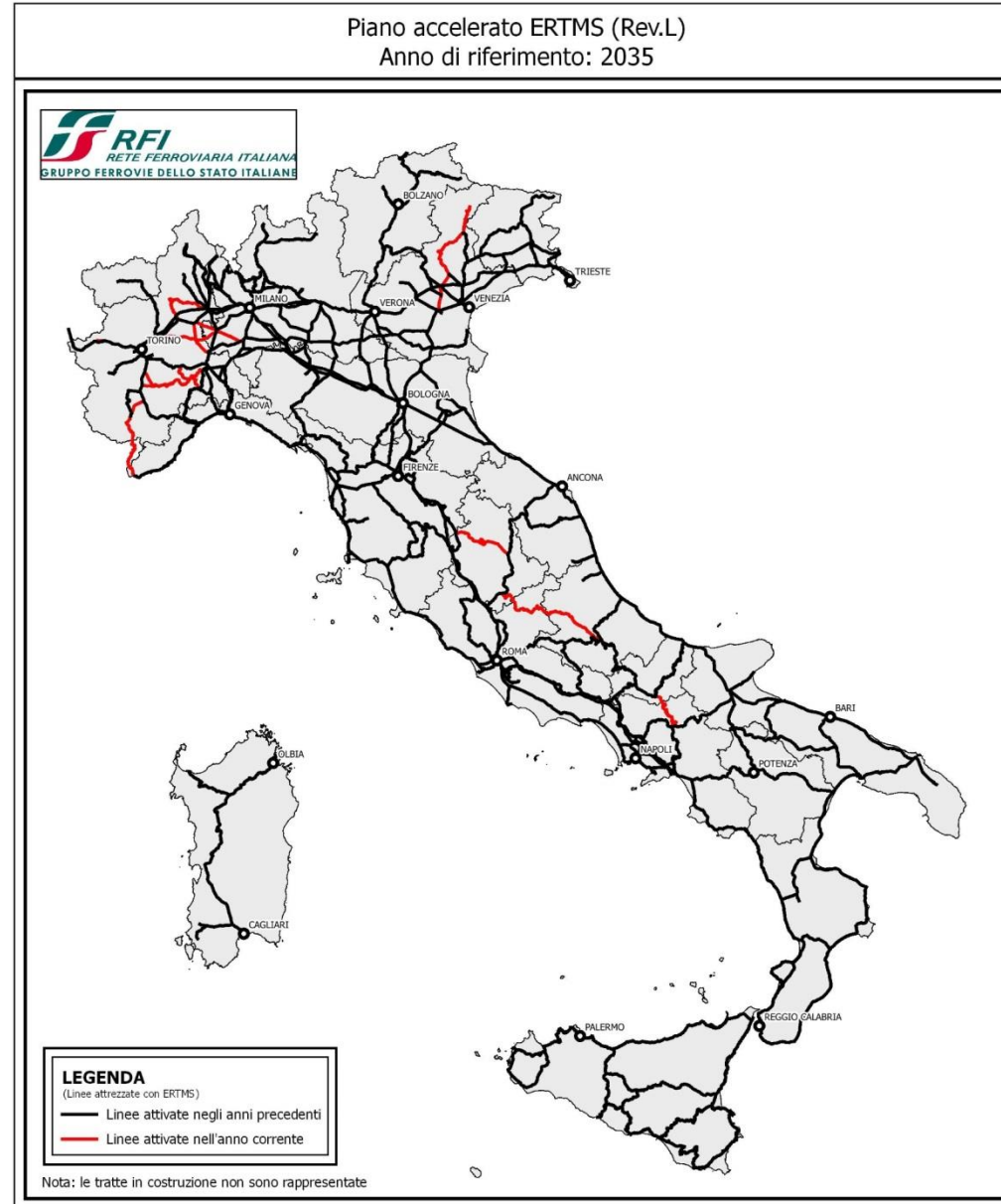
ETCS Level 3  
HD Project  
2021

Satellite  
positioning  
2021

Next Gen.  
Communications  
2025



# The RFI Accelerated ERTMS Plan



# The ERTMS advantages as a stand alone CCS System

ERTMS is the system chosen by EC to realise interoperability in the railway network, but it is also the best system in order to:

<p><b>Improve safety for railway transport</b></p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>Protection of shunting movements</b></li> <li>• Increased <b>protection at level crossings</b></li> <li>• Availability of the <b>function to protect axle weight</b></li> <li>• On-board calculation of <b>release speed</b></li> <li>• Gradual replacement of mechanical joints with <b>electric joints</b></li> </ul>
<p><b>Increase capacity at nodes</b></p>	<p>With the implementation of <b>ERTMS HD (High Density)</b> in major urban nodes</p>
<p><b>Increase reliability, punctuality and speed</b></p>	<p>Also <b>on conventional lines</b> by improving performance in relation to the speed allowed by the infrastructure</p>
<p><b>Reduced maintenance costs</b></p>	<p><b>Cost savings in signalling installation</b> (light signals and cables are no required with ERTMS level 2/3) <b>and maintenance</b> due to the higher performance of the electronic equipment.</p>
<p><b>Reduced costs for the implementation of digital Interlockings (IXLs) and increased efficiency in implementing changes to the station layout</b></p>	<p><b>ERTMS-oriented IXLs cost 30% less</b> than non-ERTMS oriented IXLs and enable to optimize changes to stations' layout.</p>

# The ERTMS actual NIP 2017 program: criticalities

Main criticalities of a non coordinated technological Trackside – Trainborne strategy investment:

## Dual CCS Trackside without a synchronous Class B decommissioning

<p><b>OVERLAPPING CLASS A over CLASS B</b></p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>Different Protection and Operation Rules for SCMT and ETCS</b></li> <li>• Increase <b>Capex</b> and <b>Opex</b></li> <li>• Decrease <b>reliability, punctuality</b></li> <li>• <b>Reduced performance benefit</b> for a potential ERTMS application</li> </ul>
<p><b>ELECTRONIC INTERLOCKING AND ERTMS INVESTEMENT NOT COORDINATED</b></p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>Delay for ERTMS implementation (depending basically by Electronic Interlocking realization)</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Problem for respect MIT/EU time scheduling</li> <li>• Problem to maintain <b>Cofinanced EU Fund Action</b></li> </ul> </li> <li>• Extra cost for <b>double business operating interruption</b></li> <li>• <b>Less efficiency</b> for station on <b>layout modification</b></li> <li>• Use of an <b>ETCS Level 1</b> instead of Level 2/3 for EDP compliance</li> </ul>
<p><b>CCS DIGITALISATION NOT COORDINATED WITH ERTMS</b></p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>Disomogeneous measurement and for infrastructure data digitalization</b></li> <li>• Inefficient <b>Configuration Management</b> of the digital systems</li> <li>• <b>Difficult knowledge transfer for operator and Data Management (diagnostic, public information)</b></li> </ul>

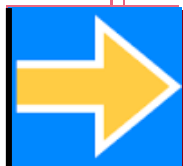
- How to manage the migration from national system to ERTMS? Dual on board or dual track-side?
- How many kms of ERTMS to deploy? Only TEN-T network or WHOLE network?



# Simplify the infrastructure and increase performance

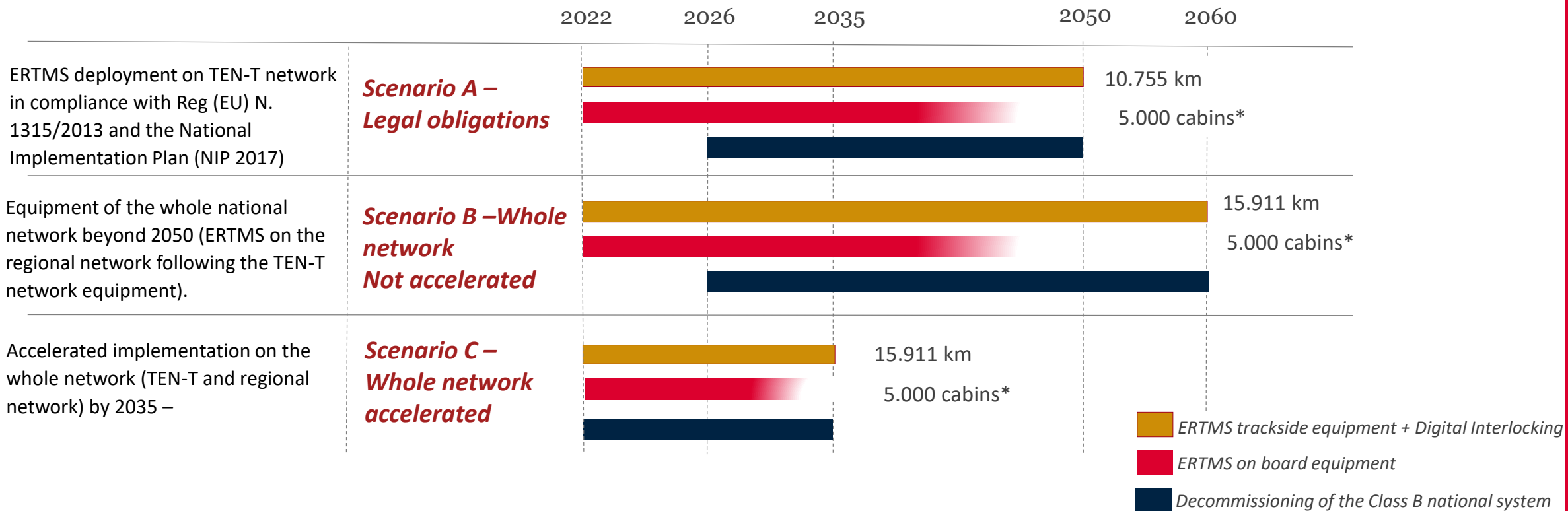
Trackside Subsystem

OnBoard Subsystem





# The ERTMS implementation scenarios compared



**The best scenario is “C” (DUAL ON BOARD AND WHOLE NETWORK) - (RFI proposal for a new NIP 2019)**  
**Anticipates and maximizes the advantages of ERTMS also taking into account that the national system should be renewed in any case by 2030.**  
**This is the result of an independent Cost-Effectiveness Analysis and we are preparing a Cost-Benefit Analysis**

# The pre-conditions to accelerate the ERTMS Plan

**1** *Authorization for the infrastructure manager to **decommission** the legacy system before 2026*

**2** *Making the programs already in progress for the **Digital IXLs realization** (250/1511 already realized) and for the **GSM-R extension** (13.000/16.800 already covered) **harmonized with the ERTMS Implementation Plan** (reinforcing GSM-R and realizing Digital IXL ERTMS-Oriented)*

**3** *Definition of an **ERTMS deployment plan on the rolling stock** coherent with the ERTMS lines equipment programs managed by Infrastructure Manager*

**4** *Appropriate **production capacity** of the infrastructure manager, railway undertakings and suppliers (1.000 km/year of ERTMS and 100 IXL ERTMS-oriented/year)*

**5** *Definition of a **scheme of financing** for the whole system (trackside and on-board system)*

# High Level ERTMS: Types of investment cost, and on board and track-side savings

C  
A  
P  
E  
X

**INVESTMENT COSTS  
ERTMS**

Costs related to the ERTMS realization, to the upgrading/extension of the GSM-R and for the audio-frequency track circuits

**INVESTMENT COSTS of IXLs  
AND RELATED SYSTEMS**

Costs related to the realization of Digital Interlockings (IXLs) and for the upgrading of the network with Supervisions Systems (CTCs)

**OTHER COSTS:  
OVERLAPPING, RENEWAL  
AND DISMISSIONS**

Costs due to the ERTMS overlap with existing systems, if the legacy system SCMT (discontinuous signaling system currently used in Italy) is not decommissioned contextually. In particular, this kind of costs are related to the renewal and reconfiguration of the SCMT, the interfacing with existing IXL-CTC systems and for the reconfiguration of the IXL following the decommissioning of the SCMT system

**INVESTMENT COSTS FOR  
ROLLING STOCKS  
EQUIPMENT**

Investment costs due to the rolling stock on-board equipment

O  
P  
E  
X

**SAVINGS ON LINE  
MAINTENANCE, TSR AND  
PERSONNEL**

Delta savings due to the reduction of ordinary maintenance costs, to the reduction of costs for manage the track speed reduction (TSR) given via radio and to the use optimized of personnel

**ORDINARY MAINTENANCE  
COSTS**

Delta costs due to ordinary maintenance

# Ground and on board costs and (savings)

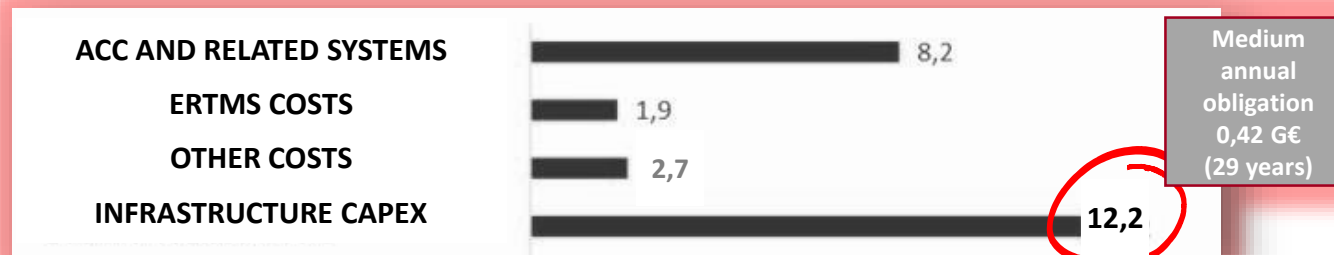


G€ 2018 values

**Scenario A –  
Legal Framework  
2022-2050\***

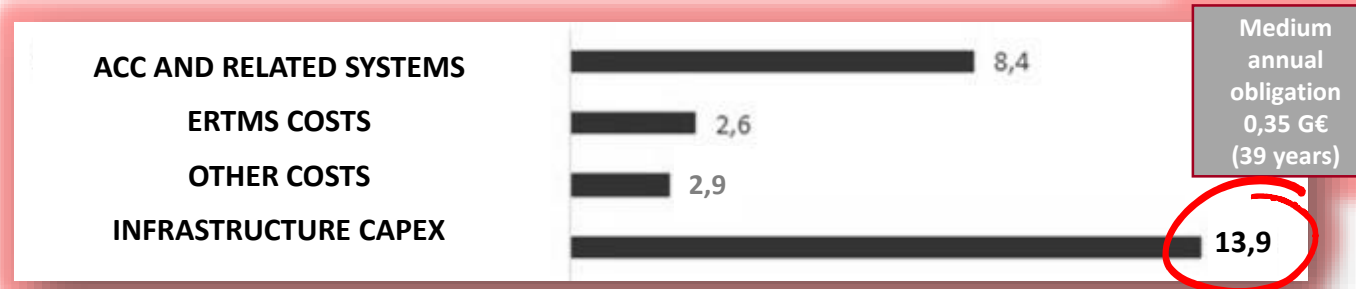
C A P E X		12,2 G€
		0,3 G€
O P E X		(1,7) G€
		0,2 G€

## Infrastructure breakdown capex (G€)



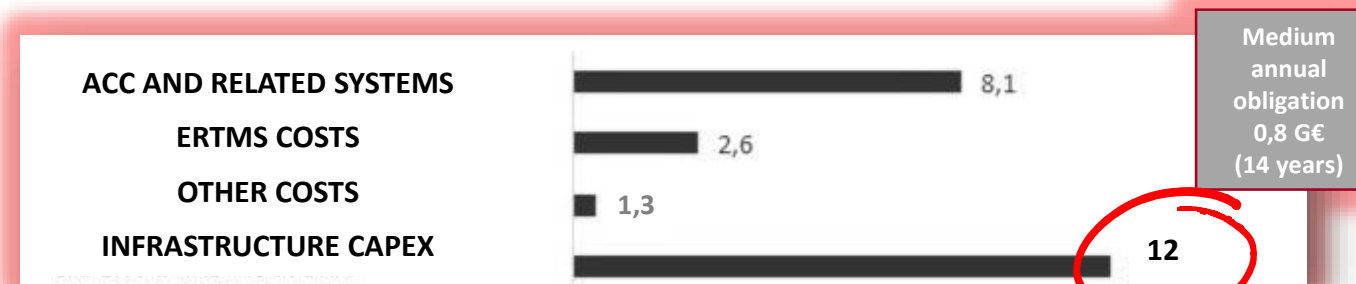
**Scenario B – Whole  
national network  
not accelerated  
2022 – 2060\***

C A P E X		13,9 G€
		0,3 G€
O P E X		(1,8) G€
		0,2 G€



**Scenario C –  
Whole national  
network  
accelerated  
2022 – 2035\***

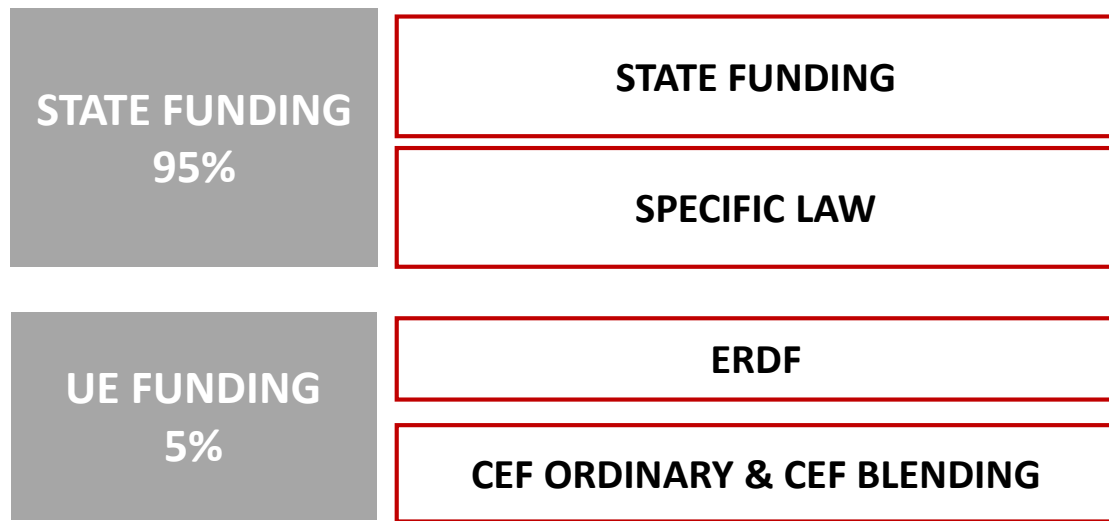
C A P E X		12 G€
		0,3 G€
O P E X		(2,9) G€
		0,2 G€



\* Deadline of the investments hypothesized equally distributed during the period

# Prospective financial sources for the accelerated plan

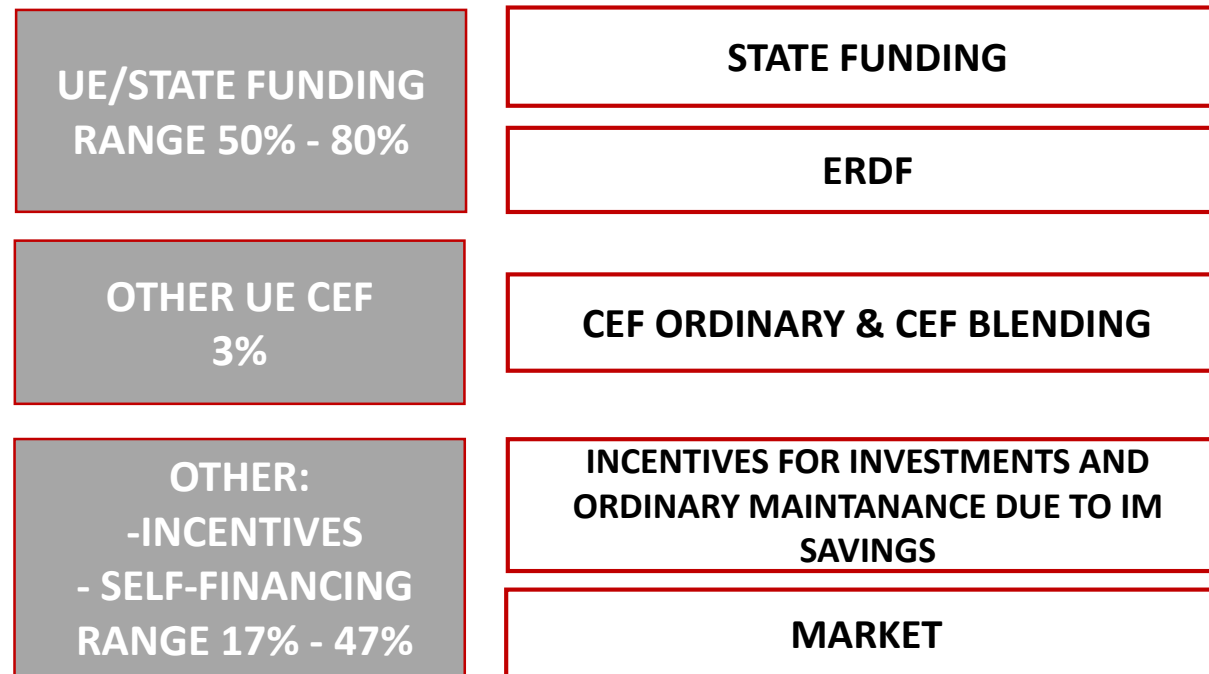
## PROSPECTIVE ON TRACK INSTALLATION FINANCIAL SOURCES FOR THE IM



### REQUIRED FUNDING

	BUDGET LAW (B€)	LAST CEF CALL (B€)
<b>ERTMS</b>	04	0,009
<b>ACC</b>	22	-
<b>TOTAL</b>	26	0,009

## PROSPECTIVE ON BOARD EQUIPMENT FINANCIAL SOURCES FOR RUS



### OPEX SAVINGS IM 2022 – 2035 (\*)

0,7 G€

(\*) 2,9 G€ at 2060

# ERTMS Investement: possible alternative scenarios

- ERTMS Onboard Upgrade became **INPUT** for deployment of trackside **ERTMS**.
- At the moment we identify 3 possible migration scenarios towards ERTMS :

**This means:  
Acceleration of  
implementing  
Electronic  
Interlocking**

	Implementation of ERTMS on existing network (brownfield)	Investement Cost	Complexity of trackside implementation	Contract management	Immediate benefit performance/ safety
1	ERTMS + Digital IXL and decomissioning Classe B	😊	😊	😊	😊
2	ERTMS + Renewal (IXL + Class B)	😐	😞	😊	😞
3	ERTMS + Pre-existent (IXL + Class B)	😞	😞	😞	😞

**Best Case (Roma - Florence) project**  
All trains pre-equipped with ERTMS

**Average Case (Mi-Chiasso Project)**

**Worst Case (Breakthroug Program)**



# Technological Simplification of Stations and Lines

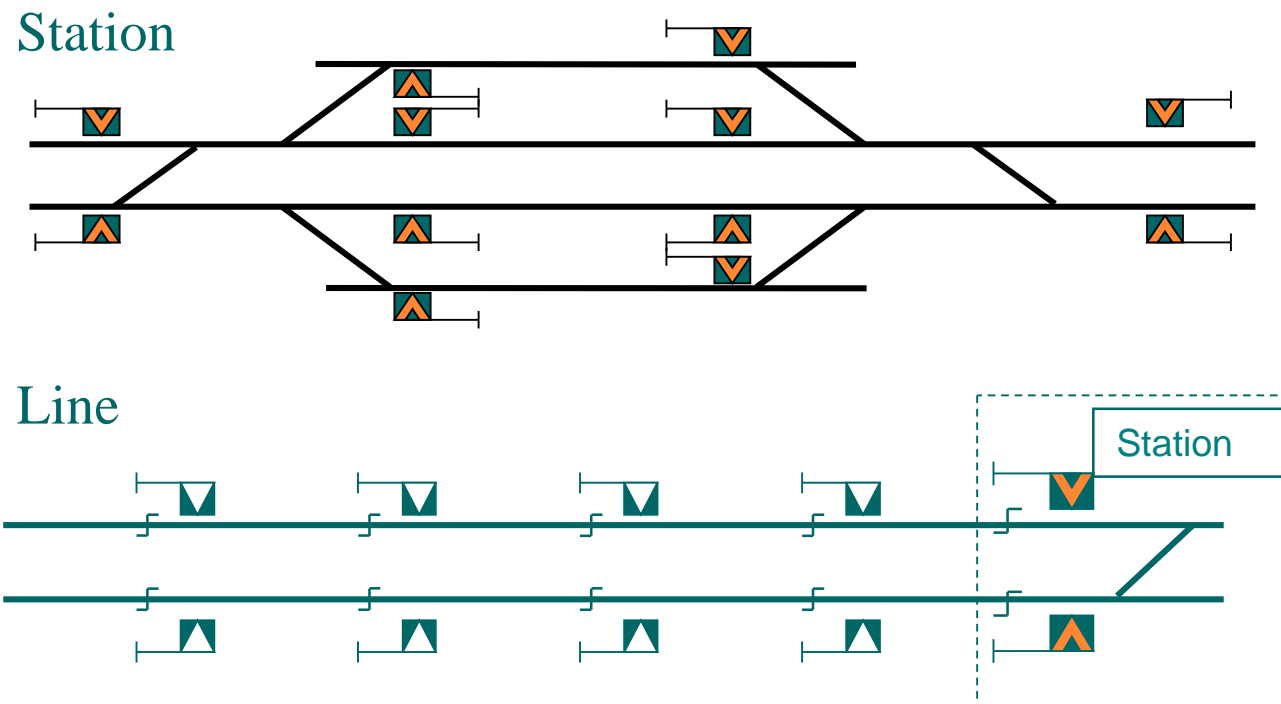
Layout Simplification and Flexibility by using only ERTMS Level 2 : - **30%** on time and costs and less operating disruption

**Simplification and less Opex/Capex, by eliminating:**

- Signal
- Signal cable
- Cable for Encoder to Eurobalise
- Release Speed fixed
- Infill device
- Inductive device
- Mechanical Joint

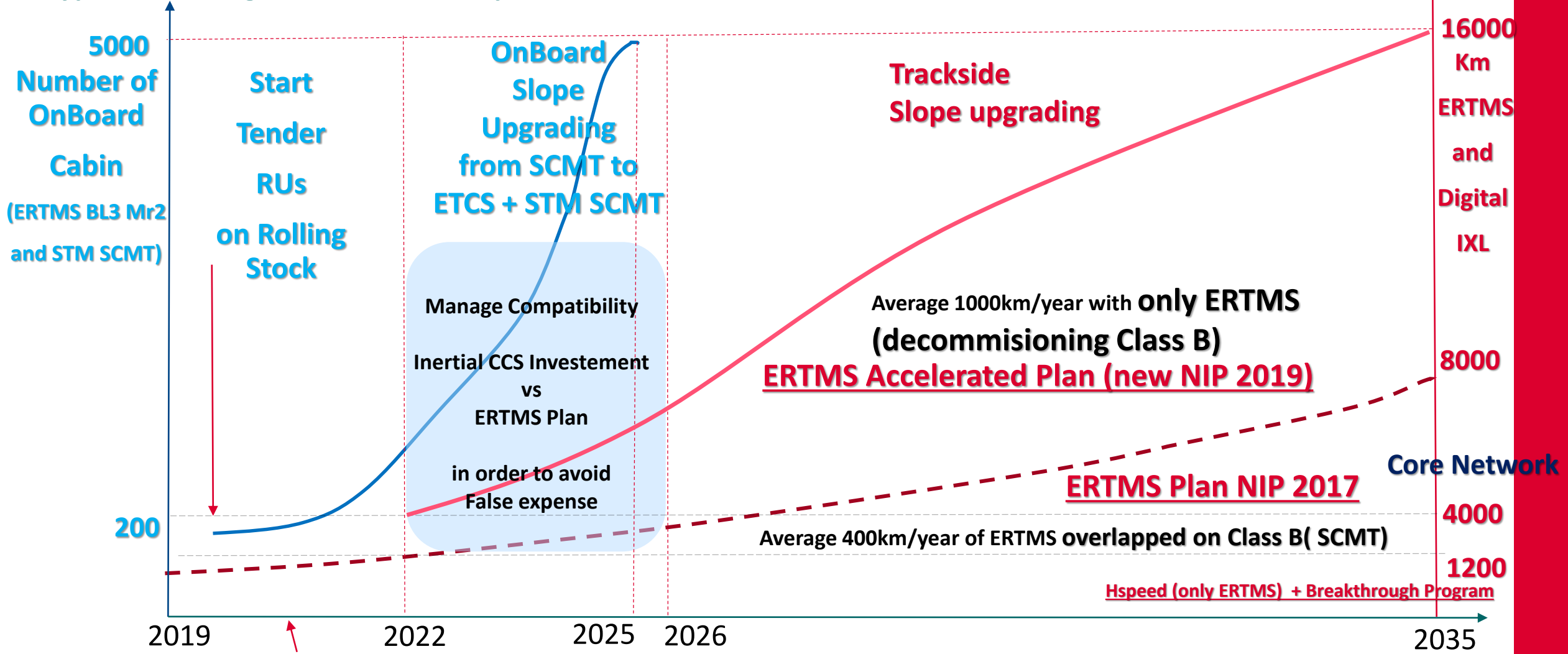
## Flexibility

- No constraints for new sections
- No constraints for signal visibility
- Different types of Operating Management
- Shunting Zones
- Release speed calculated on board
- Centralized Management of Temporary Speed restriction
- Centralized Level Crossing alarm
- Optimization path and increase simultaneous routes
- Higher capacity on the line and in station, optimized breaking curve by ERTMS BL3



# Forecast of growth of Onboard and Trackside ERTMS/Electronic IXL

Hypotheses of growth rate for implementation Trackside / Onboard ERTMS



New ERTMS + IXL (Ertms Oriented) Tender

# ERTMS IN EU - A real Challenge: Cross Acceptance GA IOP TEST

Legenda  
 — ERTMS\_IN\_OPERATION  
 — ERTMS\_IN\_REALIZATION  
 — rete  
 REGIONE

## A proposal for a MoU

*"In order to simplify the Ertms ESC activities, the Unsig company provide the evidence of compatibility test results between their respective Generic Application EVC and RBC. The ESC test in Specific Application Project between Trackside and Trainborne across Europe, will be limited at specific test for evidence of compatibilty of engineering rules and reuse the evidence of Generic Application ESC test."*



RBC Generic Application  
Supplier # 1



EVC Generic Application  
Supplier # 2

## Cross Acceptance GA ESC



RBC Specific Application  
Supplier # 1



EVC Specific Application  
Supplier # 2