# **European Rail Safety Climate Survey (ERA-SCS)**

**High Level Results and First Learnings** 

Grégory Rolina Porto, 3 November 2021





- Component of the Agency's safety culture programme
- Art. 29.2 Directive (EU) 2016/798 on the evaluation of the development of a safety culture
- Safety Culture Assessment Pilot ERA-ICSI @ NJ (2019)
- SIGMA Project @ ADIF (2020)
- Survey design supported by a task force created under the umbrella of the Agency's HOF Network
- Summer 2020: 193 testers from 20 countries filled in a survey pilot in English

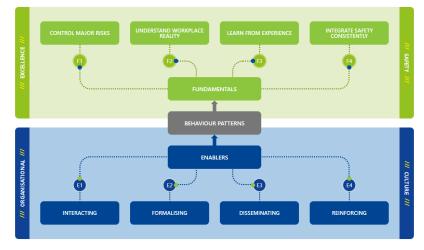


**Context and Methods** 





# **ERA-SCS in a Nutshell**





- 1 positive and 1 negative statement addressing each attribute
  - My management adequately addresses safety during meetings
  - My management does NOT lead by example
- Hosted and supported by EU Survey in 22 EU languages
- Endorsed by the European Commissioner deployed in 2021 the European Year of Rail
- Open to rail companies and authorities as **partners**: February-June
- Open to rail professionals as individual respondents: July-October



AGENCY FOR RAILWAYS







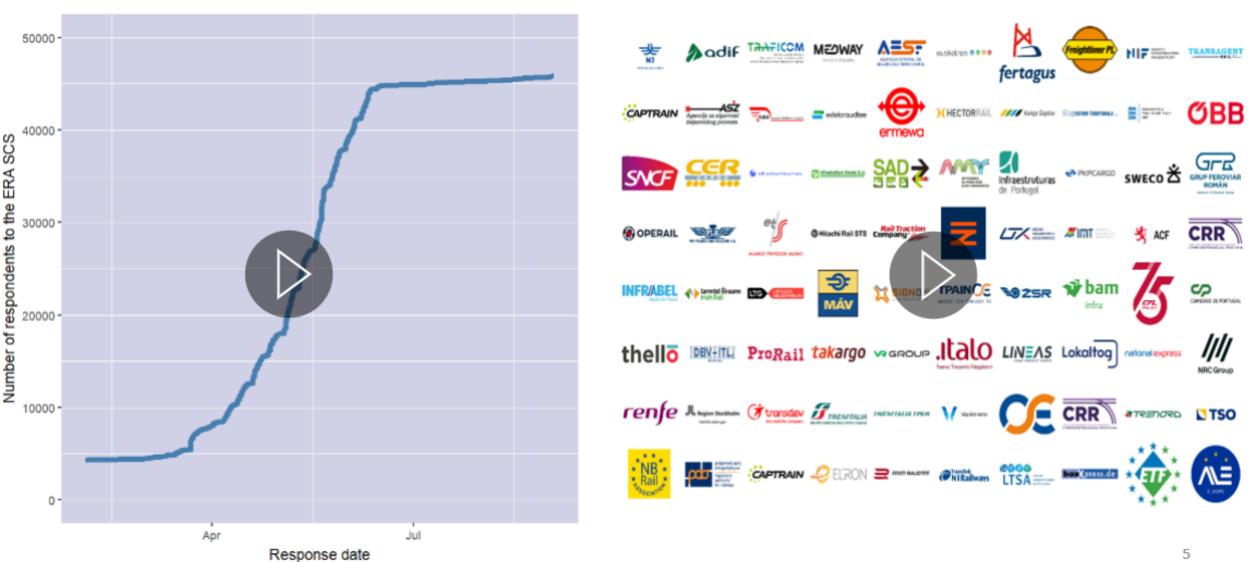
**Fruitful Partnerships** 



100 reports

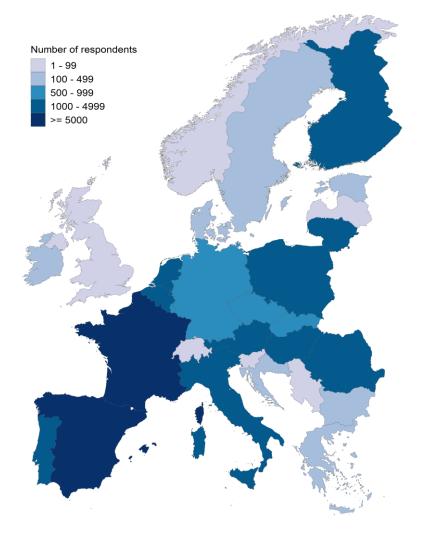


#### **Fruitful Partnerships**

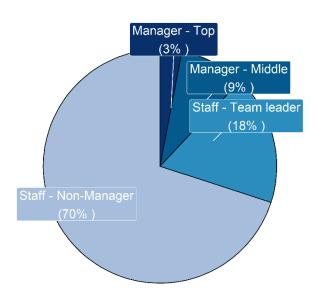




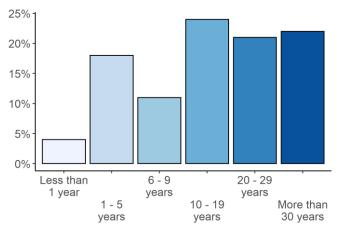
## About the Respondents (1/2)



#### Position in the organisation



Years of experience in railways

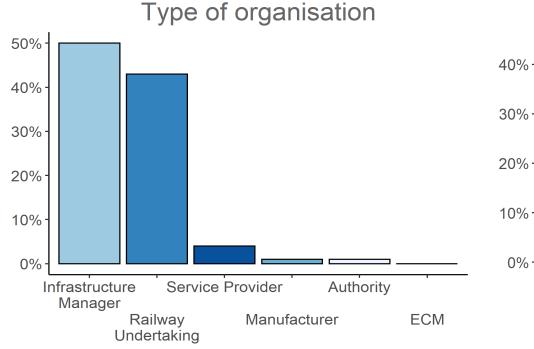


#### European railways are well covered

Under-representation of the German sector



## About the Respondents (2/2)



#### Staff: Train Staff: Traffic Staff: Other Management: operations Operations driving control Staff: Train Staff: Staff: Support Management: operations Infrastructure Support maintenance

#### Role in organisation

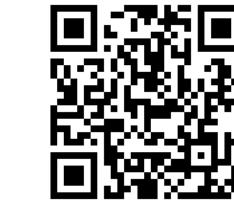
#### **European railways are well covered**

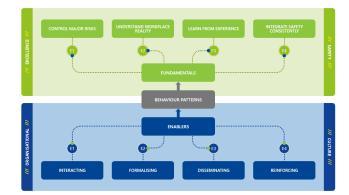
Under-representation of the rail manufacturers

### How to Visualise the Results?

- Not at the statement level which would narrow the scope, rather at the attribute level to support a cultural change
- Not with a numerical score which would oversimplify the results, rather with a safety culture colour grid to identify strengths and weaknesses
  - % Very negative perceptions <10% <60% >=70% - <80% >=80% >=60% - <70% % Positive perceptions Importance is given to very negative perceptions (i.e. a complete disagreement with

a positive safety statement or a complete agreement with a negative statement)



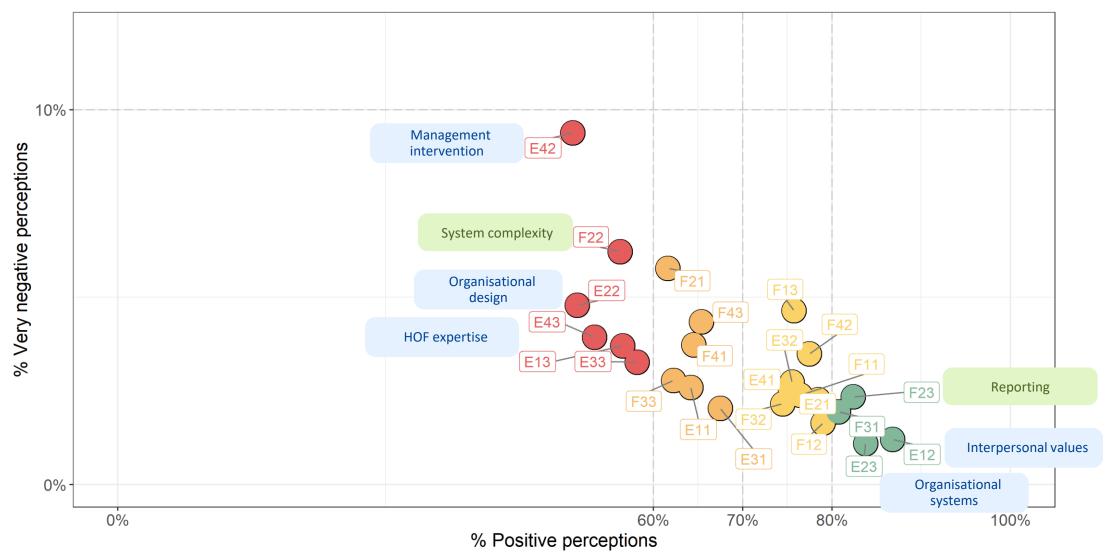




>=10%



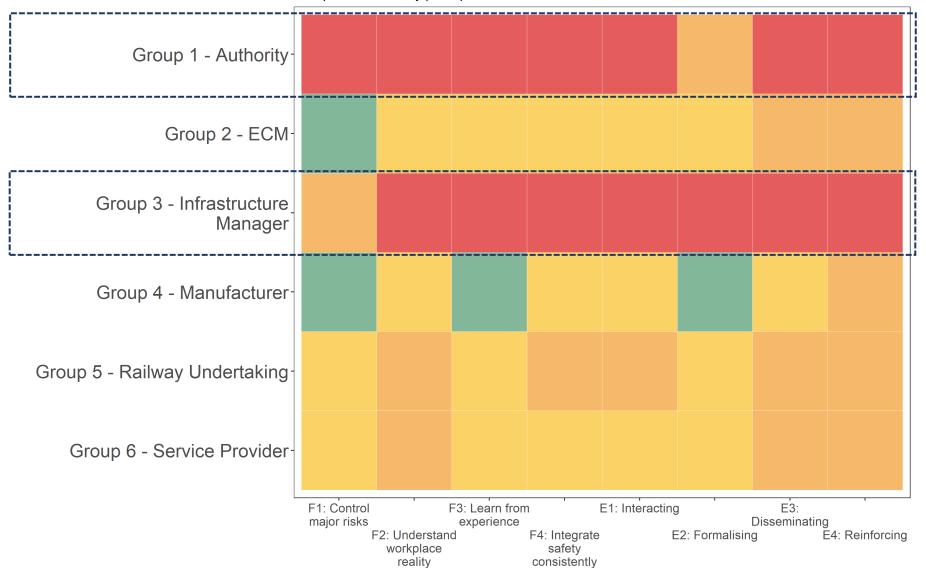






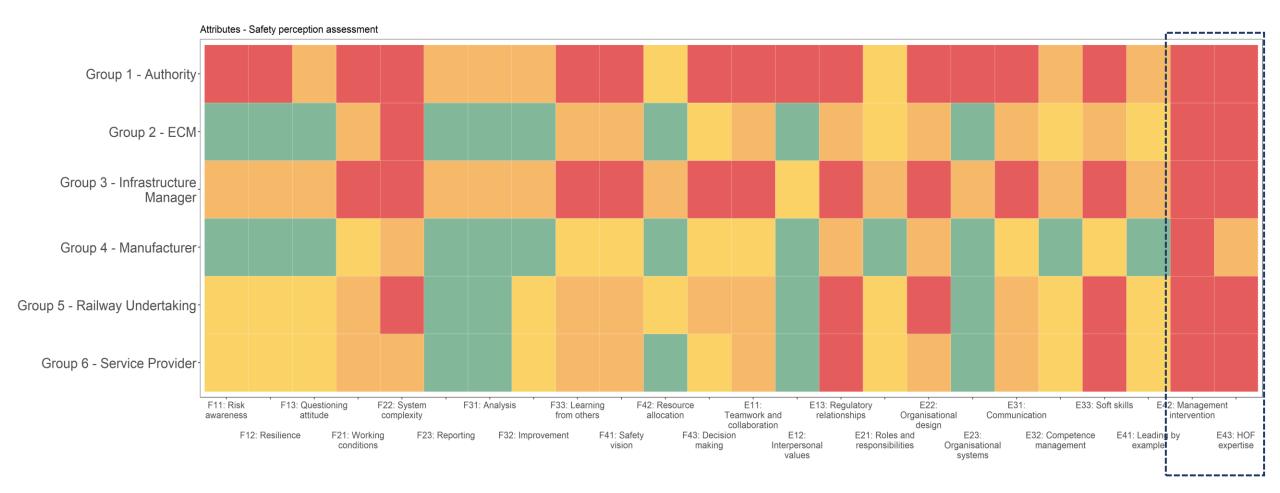
# **Results by Types of Organisation - Components**

Components - Safety perception assessment





# **Results by Types of Organisation - Attributes**



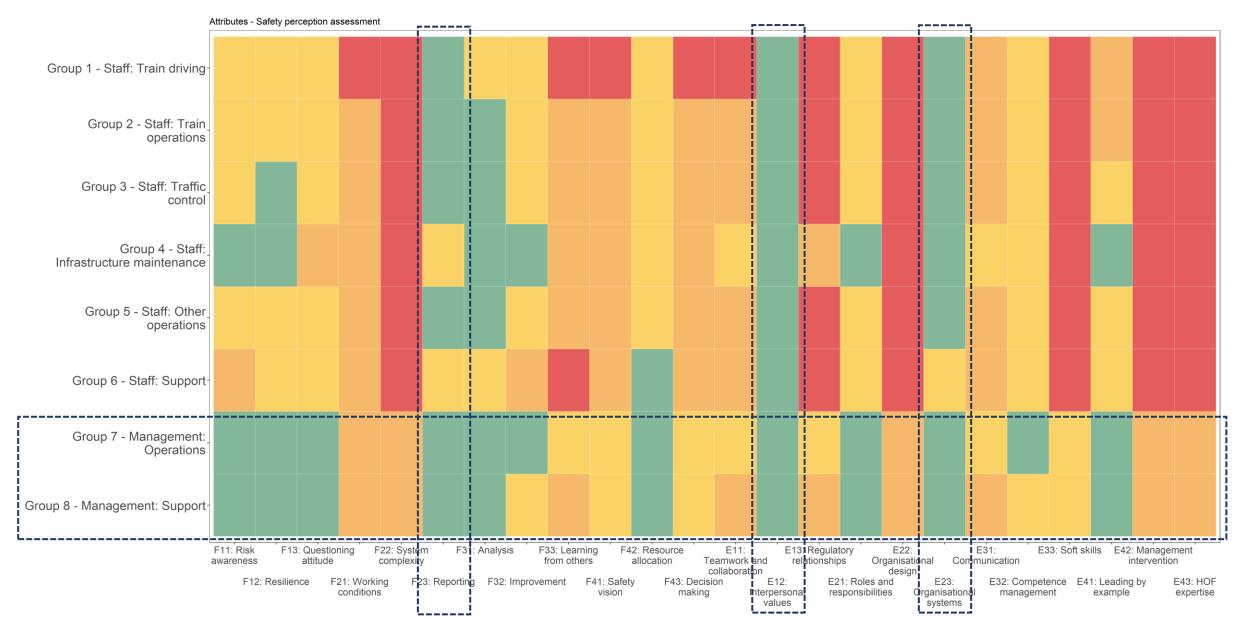


## **Results by Roles - Components**

	Components - Safety perception assessment							ı
Group 1 - Staff: Train driving	g-							
Group 2 - Staff: Train operations	S <sup>-</sup>							
Group 3 - Staff: Traffic contro	ol -							
Group 4 - Staff: Infrastructure maintenance	e-							
Group 5 - Staff: Other operations	S <sup>-</sup>							
Group 6 - Staff: Suppor	rt-							
Group 7 - Management: Operations	S-							
Group 8 - Management: Suppor	rt-							
	F1: Contro major risks F					ig Di 2: Formalisin	E3: sseminatin g E	ıg 4: Reinforcin

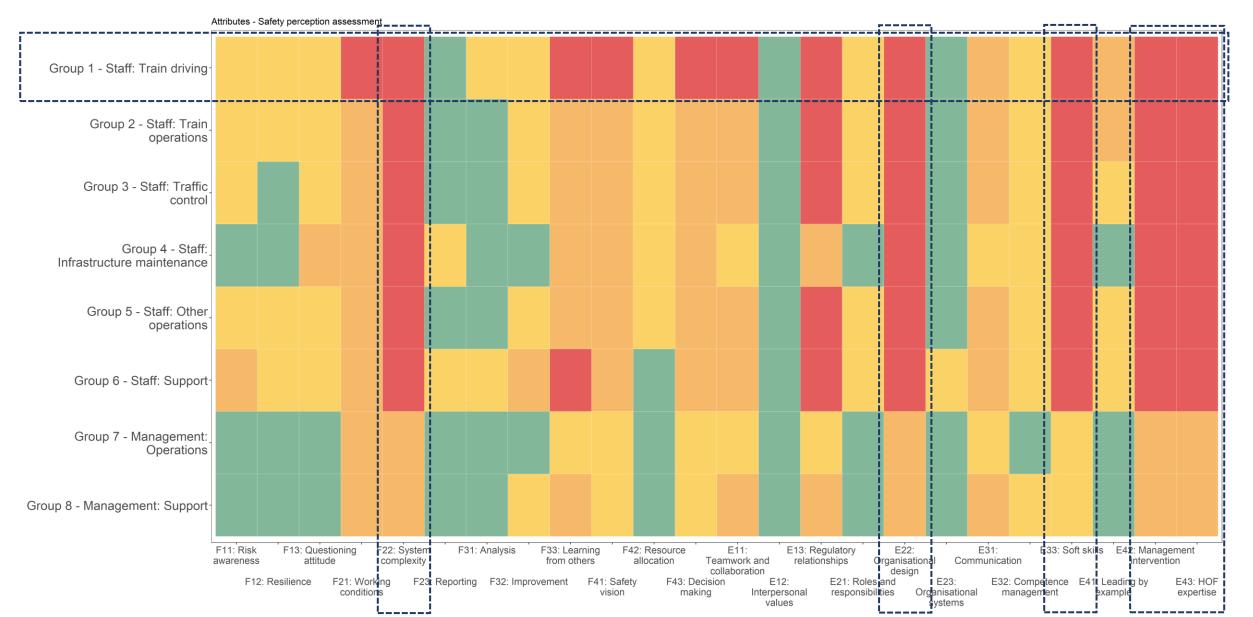


## **Results by Roles – Attributes (1)**





### **Results by Roles – Attributes (2)**





## **High Level Results**

#### **MORE POSITIVE PERCEPTIONS**

#### Expressed by

- Professionals working within rail manufacturers
- Managers

#### Related with

- E12 Interpersonal values
- E23 Organisational systems
- F23 Reporting

#### **MORE NEGATIVE PERCEPTIONS**

#### Expressed by

- Professionals working within authorities and infrastructure managers
- Train drivers

#### Related with

- E42 Management intervention E23 Soft skills
- E43 Integration of HOF expertise
  F22 System complexity
- E22 Organisational design
  E13 Regulatory relationships





### **Lessons Learned**

- European awareness raising and learning initiative for a more inclusive safety
- Two challenging key ingredients
  - Communication
  - Safety leadership
- Results require further analysis
- Results require further data...
- ...as organisational culture is difficult to approach
- Results allow comparison over time
- Benchmarking requires thorough methodology





#### **Follow Up**



