European Rail Safety Climate Survey (ERA-SCS)

High Level Results and First Learnings

Grégory Rolina Porto, 3 November 2021





- Component of the Agency's safety culture programme
- Art. 29.2 Directive (EU) 2016/798 on the evaluation of the development of a safety culture
- Safety Culture Assessment Pilot ERA-ICSI @ NJ (2019)
- SIGMA Project @ ADIF (2020)
- Survey design supported by a task force created under the umbrella of the Agency's HOF Network
- Summer 2020: 193 testers from 20 countries filled in a survey pilot in English

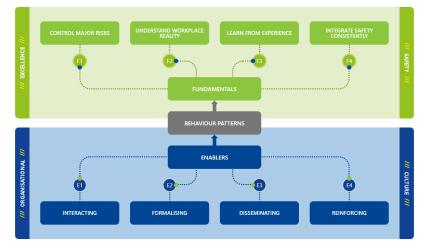


Context and Methods





ERA-SCS in a Nutshell





- 1 positive and 1 negative statement addressing each attribute
 - My management adequately addresses safety during meetings
 - My management does NOT lead by example
- Hosted and supported by EU Survey in 22 EU languages
- Endorsed by the European Commissioner deployed in 2021 the European Year of Rail
- Open to rail companies and authorities as **partners**: February-June
- Open to rail professionals as individual respondents: July-October



AGENCY FOR RAILWAYS







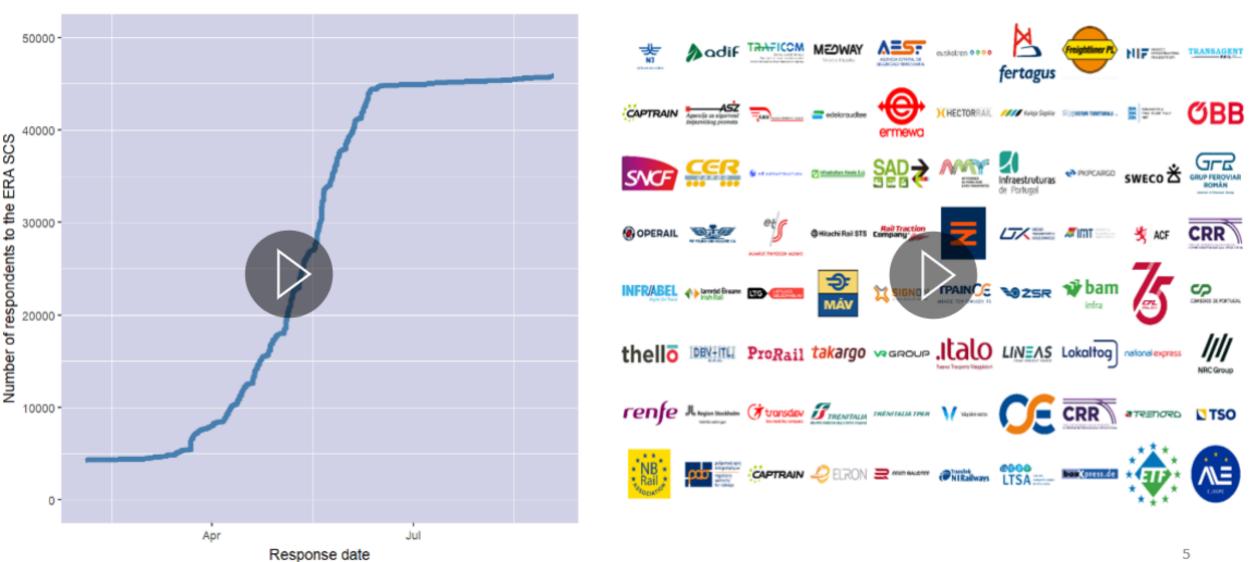
Fruitful Partnerships



100 reports

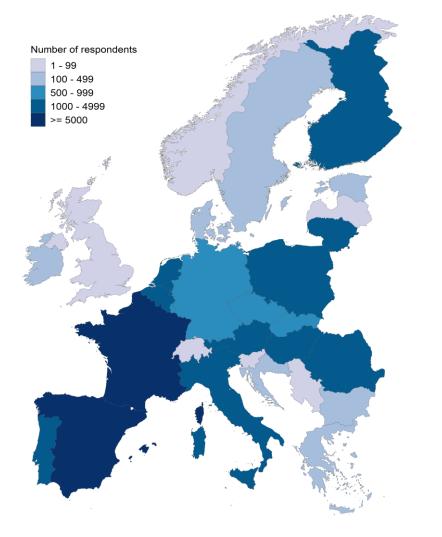


Fruitful Partnerships

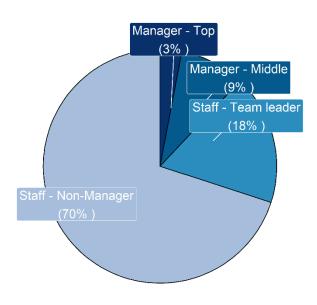




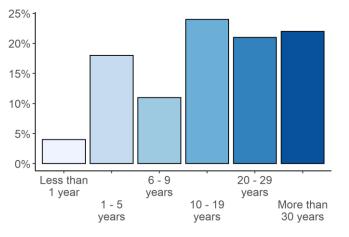
About the Respondents (1/2)



Position in the organisation



Years of experience in railways

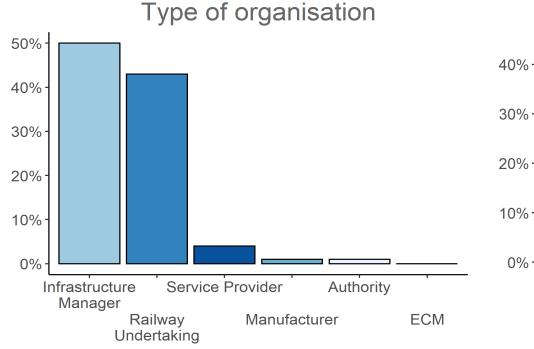


European railways are well covered

Under-representation of the German sector



About the Respondents (2/2)



Staff: Train Staff: Traffic Staff: Other Management: operations Operations driving control Staff: Train Staff: Staff: Support Management: operations Infrastructure Support maintenance

Role in organisation

European railways are well covered

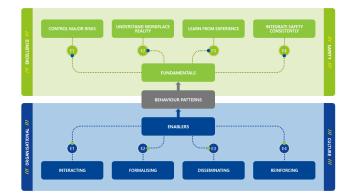
Under-representation of the rail manufacturers

How to Visualise the Results?

- Not at the statement level which would narrow the scope, rather at the attribute level to support a cultural change
- Not with a numerical score which would oversimplify the results, rather with a safety culture colour grid to identify strengths and weaknesses
 - % Very negative perceptions <10% <60% >=70% - <80% >=80% >=60% - <70% % Positive perceptions Importance is given to very negative perceptions (i.e. a complete disagreement with

a positive safety statement or a complete agreement with a negative statement)



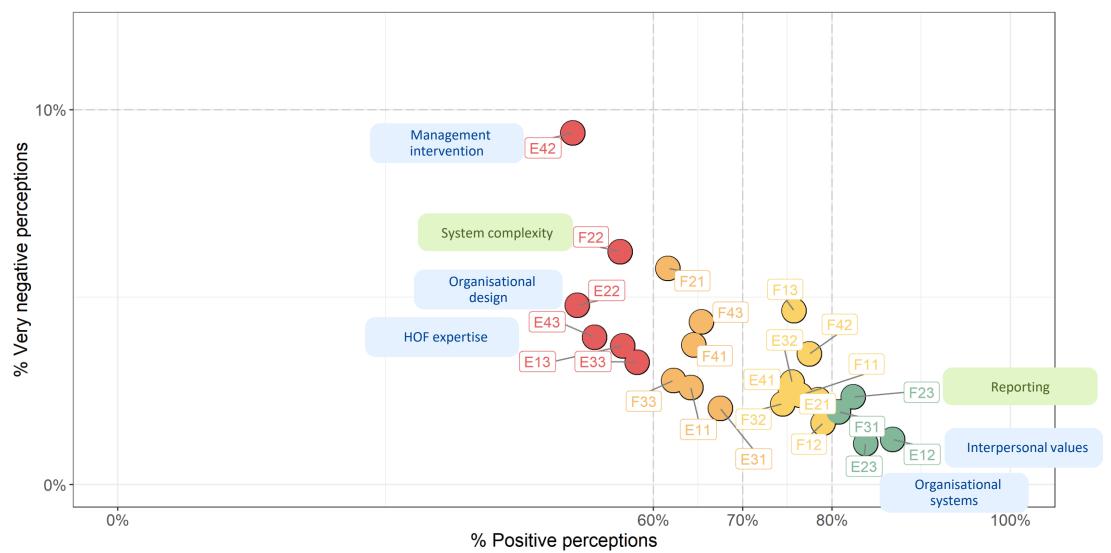




>=10%



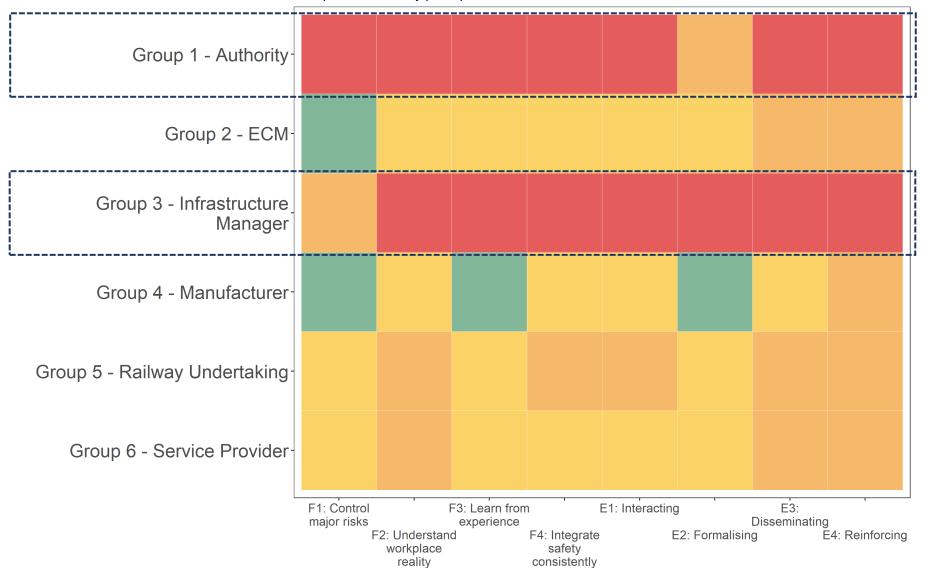






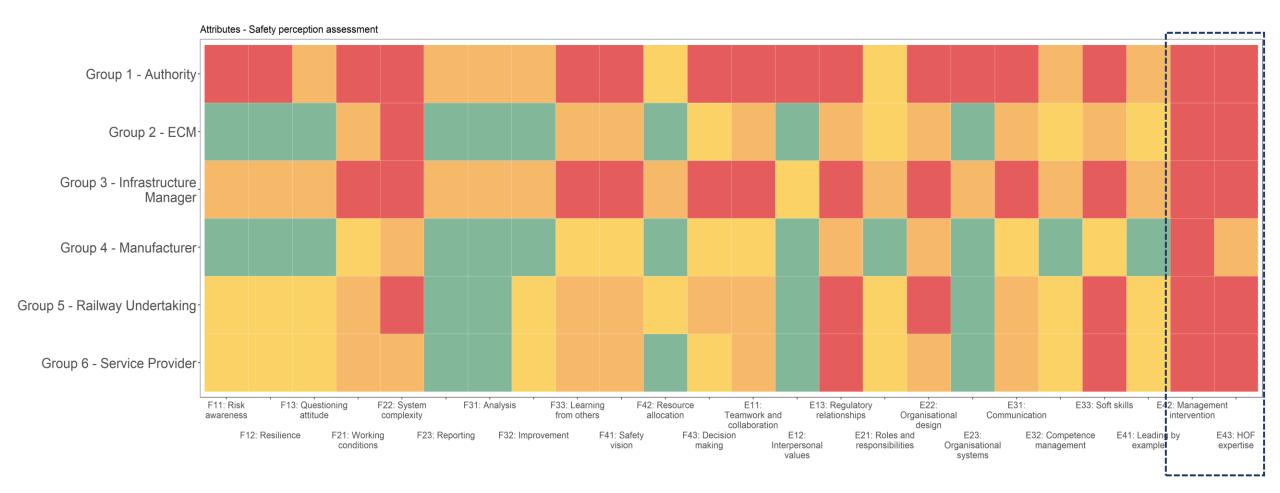
Results by Types of Organisation - Components

Components - Safety perception assessment





Results by Types of Organisation - Attributes



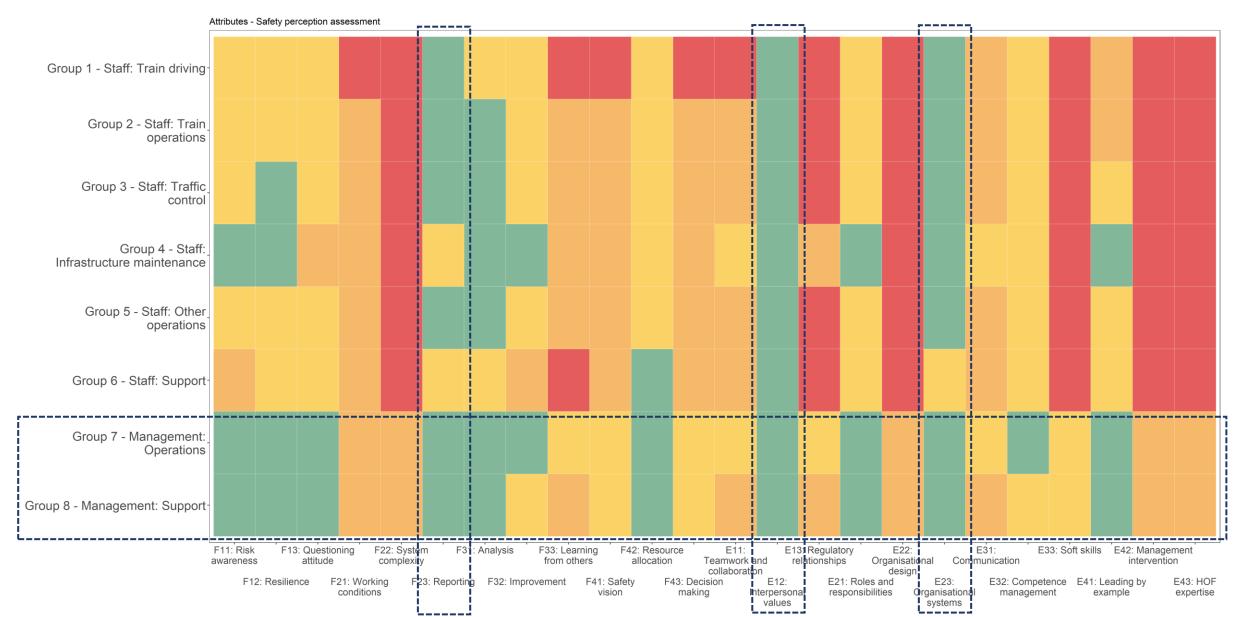


Results by Roles - Components

	Components - Safety perception assessment							ı
Group 1 - Staff: Train driving	g-							
Group 2 - Staff: Train operations	S ⁻							
Group 3 - Staff: Traffic contro	ol -							
Group 4 - Staff: Infrastructure maintenance	e-							
Group 5 - Staff: Other operations	S ⁻							
Group 6 - Staff: Suppor	rt-							
Group 7 - Management: Operations	S-							
Group 8 - Management: Suppor	rt-							
	F1: Contro major risks F					ig Di 2: Formalisin	E3: sseminatin g E	ıg 4: Reinforcin

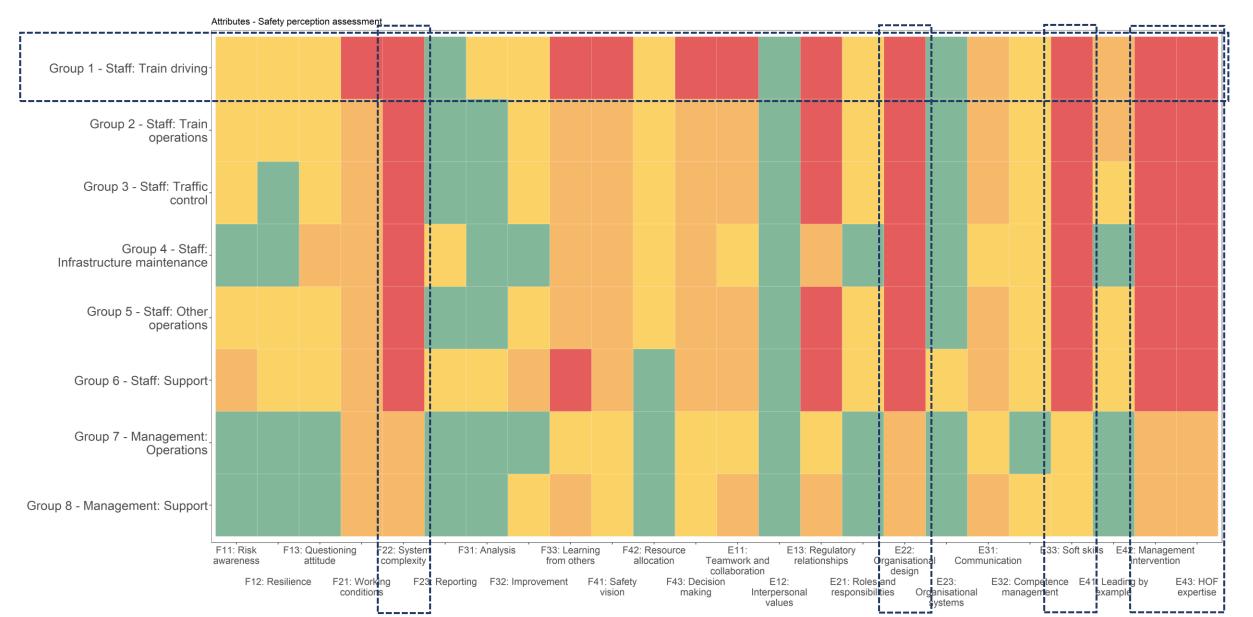


Results by Roles – Attributes (1)





Results by Roles – Attributes (2)





High Level Results

MORE POSITIVE PERCEPTIONS

Expressed by

- Professionals working within rail manufacturers
- Managers

Related with

- E12 Interpersonal values
- E23 Organisational systems
- F23 Reporting

MORE NEGATIVE PERCEPTIONS

Expressed by

- Professionals working within authorities and infrastructure managers
- Train drivers

Related with

- E42 Management intervention E23 Soft skills
- E43 Integration of HOF expertise
 F22 System complexity
- E22 Organisational design
 E13 Regulatory relationships





Lessons Learned

- European awareness raising and learning initiative for a more inclusive safety
- Two challenging key ingredients
 - Communication
 - Safety leadership
- Results require further analysis
- Results require further data...
- ...as organisational culture is difficult to approach
- Results allow comparison over time
- Benchmarking requires thorough methodology





Follow Up



