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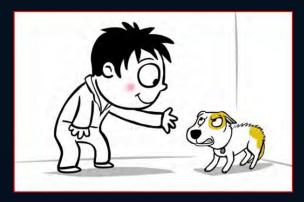
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good and bad...

- A huge topic!
- Much to cover
- Some of it is 'controversial' (e.g., bias, intelligence, performance, errors)
- Today we take a BIG first step in this long journey
- Going to challenge you



Transferring academic knowledge of the brain into the real world



BIGGER QUESTION...

THE IMPACT OF AUTOMATION ON HUMAN BIASES AND INTELLIGENCE

good and bad...



Automation?

good

When? Why?

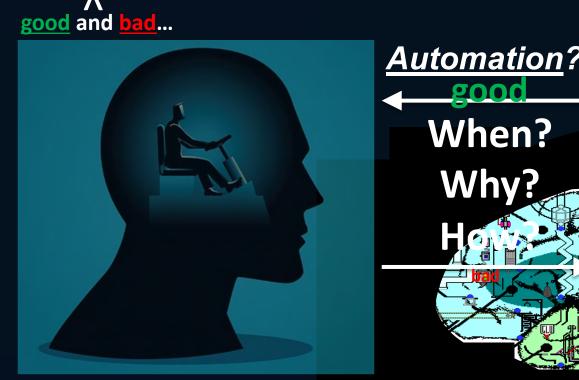
How?

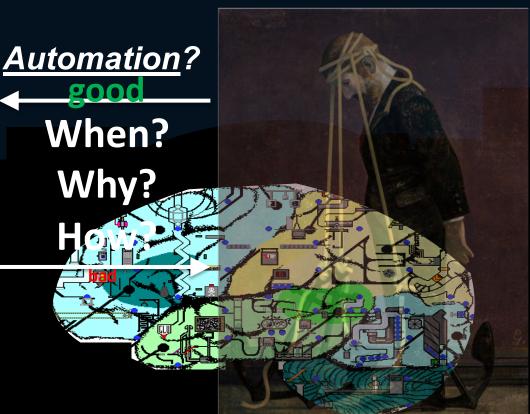
bad





BIGGER QUESTION...





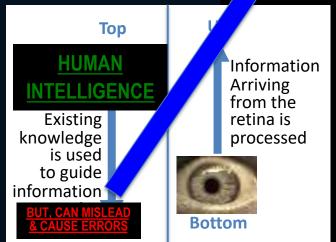
WHY SMART PEOPLE DO STUPID THINGS



THE IMPACT OF AUTOMATION ON HUMAN BIASES AND INTELLIGENCE

good and bad...

- Information gets into the brain the 'input', the 'data' → "Bottom-up information"
 VS.
- What is already 'in the brain '≥.g., experiences, knowledge) → "Top-down information"
- These 'top-down' & 'bottor up' interact.







good and bad...

Neuronal plasticity:

→ Adaptations

Human Factors

A. How does the brain work?

And,

B. How does automation impact it?

→ Automation... impacting our intelligence and biases...

→ For good, and for bad...

The mind is







Let's see, and understand, an example:

THE IMPACT OF AUTOMATION ON HUMAN BIASES AND INTELLIGENCE

"Automation"...?

Dividing the work, including cognitive work ('cognitive technology')

→ <u>Distributed Cognition</u>

Different levels:

- 1. 'Off loading'
- 2. Partnership, collaborating
- 3. Human is 'subservient'

From 'helping', to 'working with us', to 'taking over'

E.g., Driving, aviation, railway, healthcare, etc., etc.





















- Creates cognitive overload
 - Availability
 - Speed
 - Keeping up
 - Pay attention
 - Expected to increase productivity
 - Etc., etc. etc....



'good and bad'



- Creates cognitive overload
- Reduces cognitive load
 - 1. 'Off loading'
 - 2. Partnership, collaborating
 - 3. Human is 'subservient'





'good and bad' - But it gets more complicated...!

THE IMPACT OF AUTOMATION ON HUMAN BIASES AND INTELLIGENCE



- Creates cognitive overload
- Reduces cognitive load
 - 1. 'Off loading'
 - 2. Partnership, collaborating
 - 3. Human is 'subservient'



???

BUT ALSO...:











THE IMPACT OF AUTO

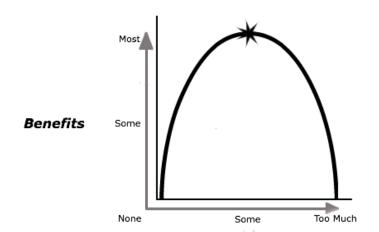
Not 'theoretical':

- -Continental flight 3407
- -Automation intended to improve safety and performance...
- -See NTSB review and findings as per what automation actually achieved.

50 Killed as Plane Hits House Near Buffalo

Reduces cognitive load

The Inverted U Curve



<u>E</u>



Neuroplasticity, top-down cognitive-brain processes

- Dynamic
- Responsive
- Flexible
- Interactive
- → "Use it, or lose it"

Automation:

- → We think/do less...
- → Our abilities go down...

Let's see some examples...:





- Literacy....
 - → Reduced our human memory capacity
- Photography....
 - → Think less
- Driving....
 - → 'Don't know much...' also staying vigilant
- Doing statistics....
 - → Not see the data, lose sight of what is going on

In other words automation has 'spoiled' us,

making the human brain 'lazy'



Automation has 'spoiled' us, making the human brain 'lazy', Combined with the brain's neuroplasticity ('use it or lose it'), causing:

- Our abilities to do things decrease
- Our thinking abilities decease
- Our perceptions decrease
- Our flexibility and responsiveness decease.

We need to think of the risks & obstacles, as we use & rely more on automation.



good and bad...

Same goes for human biases...:

- Reduces biases in many ways
- But, also increases biases
- And even creates new biases
- As well as hides biases.



Irrelevant Case Information

Base Rate Expectations

Organizational Factors

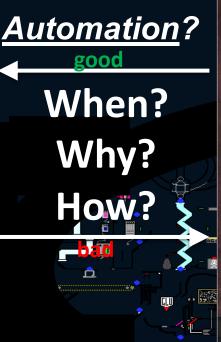
Training and Motivation

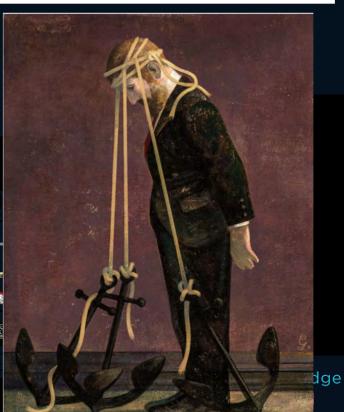
Cognitive Architecture & The Brain



good and bad...









Thank you very much!

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Questions...???

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